SECTION 3.9. Collection. The Trustees shall have power to collect, sue for, receive and receipt for all sums of money or other property believed due to the Trust, to consent to extensions of the time for payment, or to the renewal, of any Securities or other obligations; to engage or intervene in. prosecute, defend, compound, compromise, abandon or adjust by arbitration or otherwise any actions, suits, proceedings, disputes, claims, demands or things relating to the Trust Property, to foreclose any Mortgage or other security securing any notes, debentures, bonds, obligations or contracts, by virtue of which any sums of money are owed to the Trust; to exercise any power of sale held by them, and to convey good title thereunder free of any and all trusts, and, in connection with any such foreclosure or sale, to purchase or otherwise acquire title to any property; to be parties to reorganizations and to transfer to and deposit with any corporation, committee, voting trustee or other Person any Securities or other obligations of any corporation, trust, association or other organization, the Securities of which form a part of the Trust Property, for the purpose of any reorganization of any such corporation, trust, association or other organization, or otherwise to participate in any arrangement for enforcing or protecting the interests of the Trustees as the owners or holders of such Securities or other obligations and to pay any assessment levied in connection with such reorganization or arrangement; to extend the time with or without security for the payment or delivery of any debts or property and to execute and enter into releases, agreements and other instruments.

SECTION 3.10. Allocation. The Trustees shall have power to determine whether moneys or other assets received by the Trust shall be charged or credited to income or corpus or allocated between income and corpus, including the power to amortize or fail to amortize any part or all of any premium or discount, to treat any part or all the profit resulting from the maturity or sale of any asset, whether purchased at a premium or at a discount, as income or corpus or apportion the same between income and corpus, to apportion the sale price of any asset between income and corpus, and to determine in what manner any expenses or disbursements are to be borne as between income and corpus, whether or not in the absence of the power and authority conferred by this Section 3.10 such assets would be regarded as income or as corpus or such expense or disbursement would be charged to income or to corpus; to treat any dividend or other distribution on any investment as income or corpus or apportion the same between income and corpus; to provide or fail to provide reserves for depreciation, amortization or obsolescence in respect of any Trust Property in such amounts and by

WHITHUE'S