What should our places look and feel like?

Thinking first and foremost about character and quality of place is a helpful way to approach community planning.

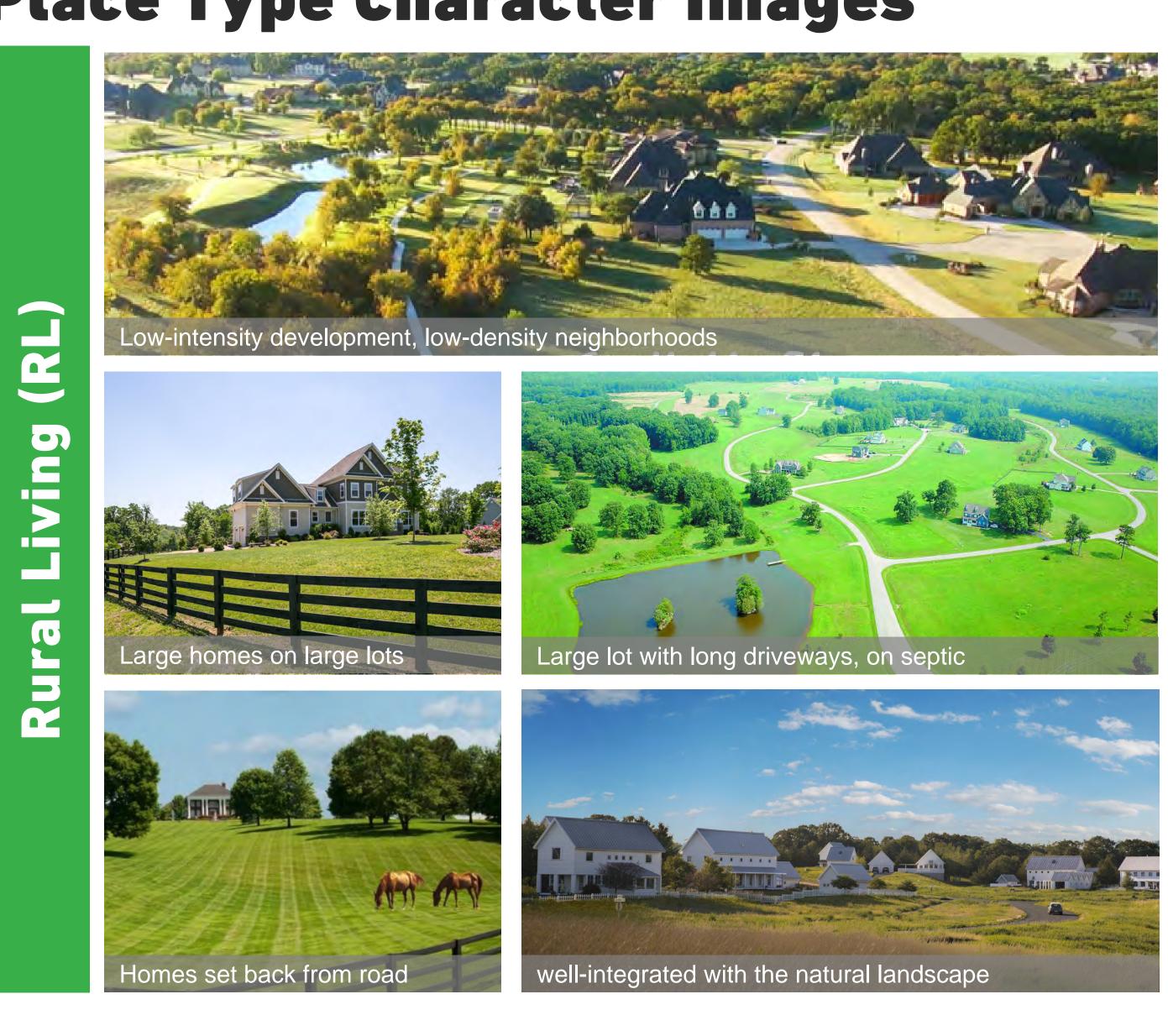
The following exhibits explore what types of places (rural, suburban, traditional, urban, and employment centers and special districts) you would like to cultivate and where they should be located within Greenville County.

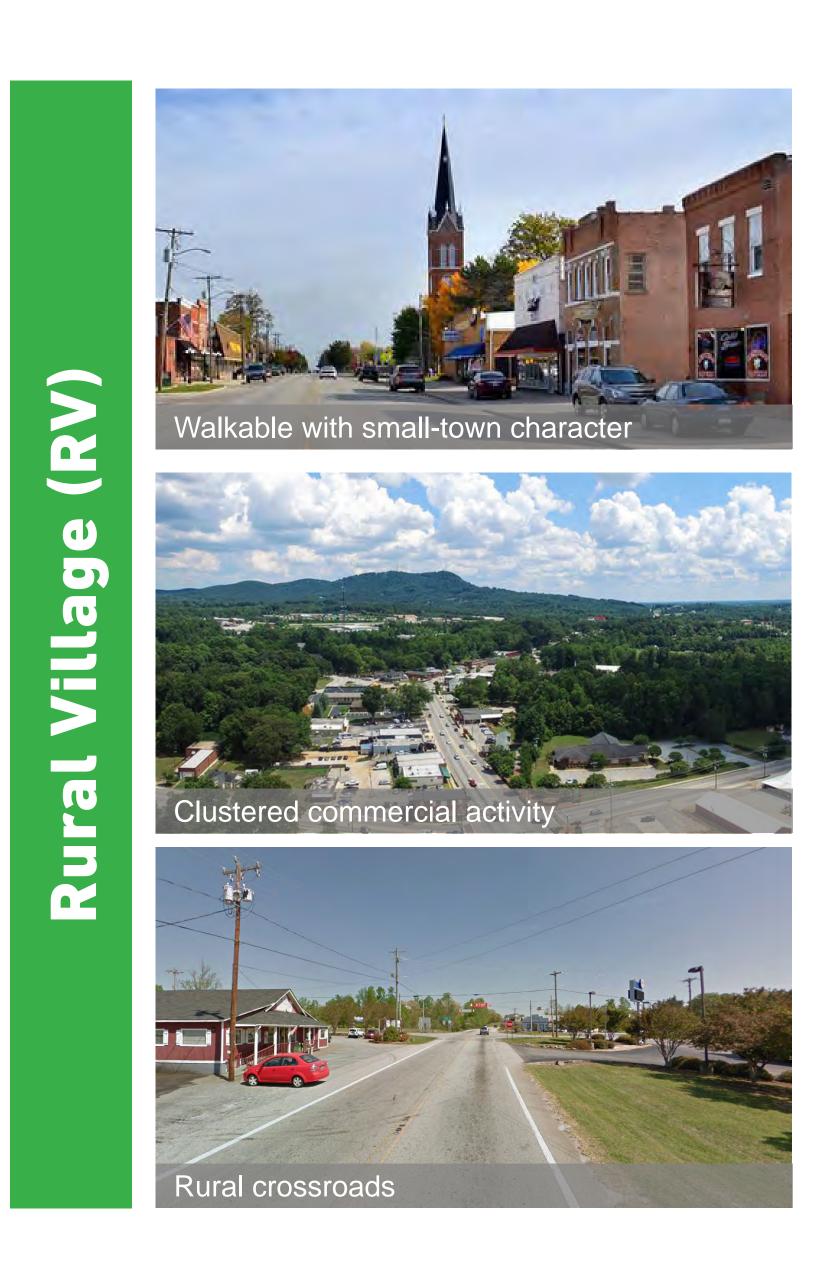
We need your help identifying the appropriate character for different places within Greenville County as it grows and changes over the next twenty years. Please share any additional thoughts on the provided comment cards.

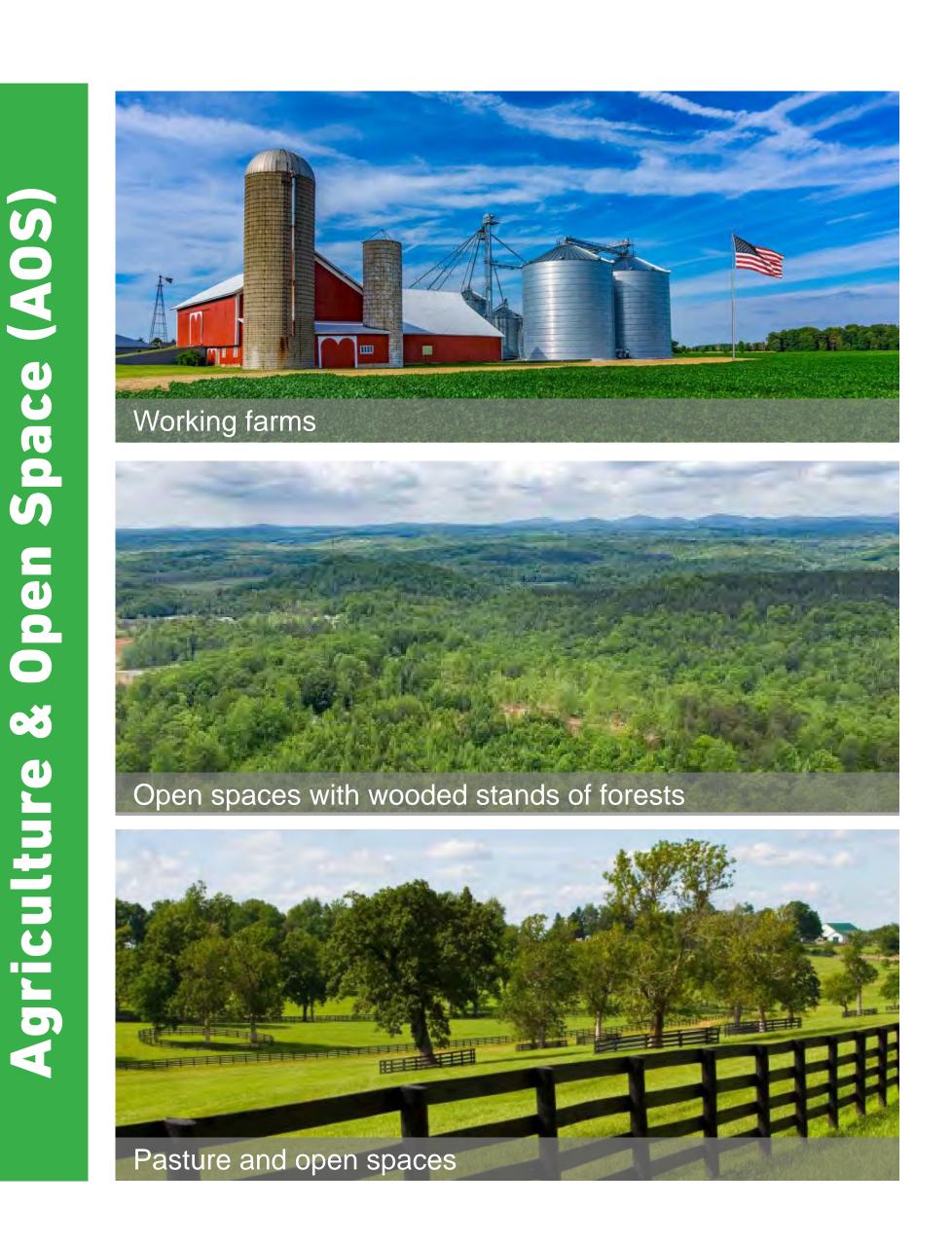
Rural

Rural communities are categorized by low-intensity development that is well-integrated with the natural landscape and agricultural uses. Long-standing rural villages organize many rural areas with close ties to agricultural lifestyles. These rural villages were built using the same principles used to organize walkable neighborhoods. The landscape is marked with working farms actively used for agricultural activities, including cultivated croplands, orchards, pastures, and livestock operations. Additionally, large open spaces including wooded stands of forests and wetlands are prominent features of rural areas.

Place Type Character Images





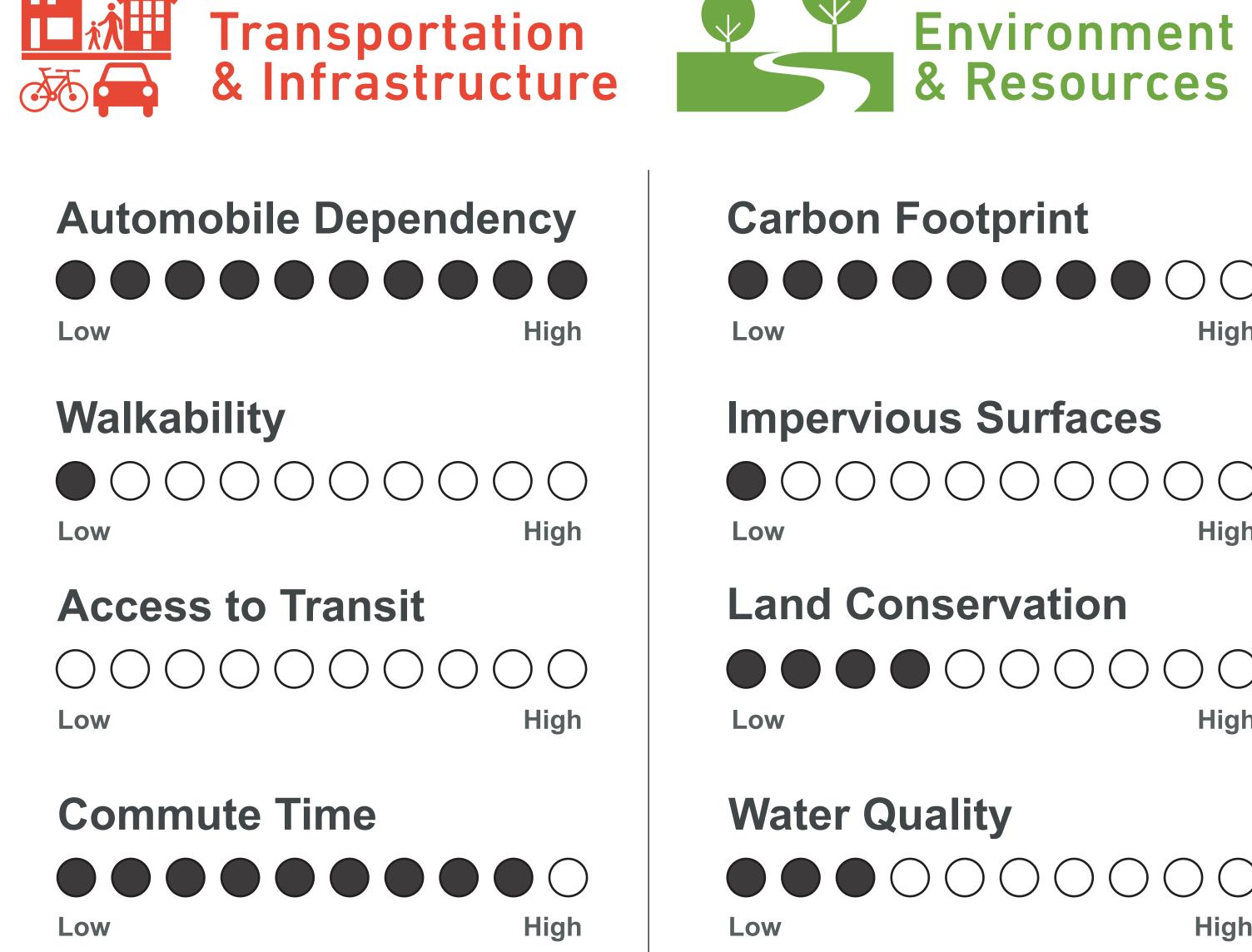


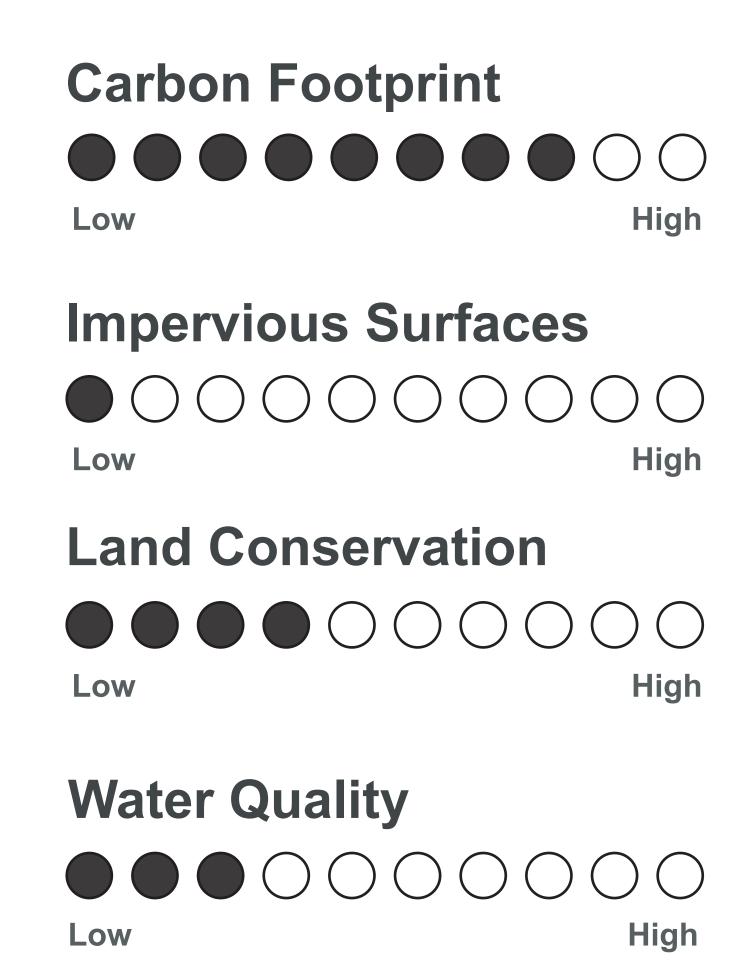
Local Examples

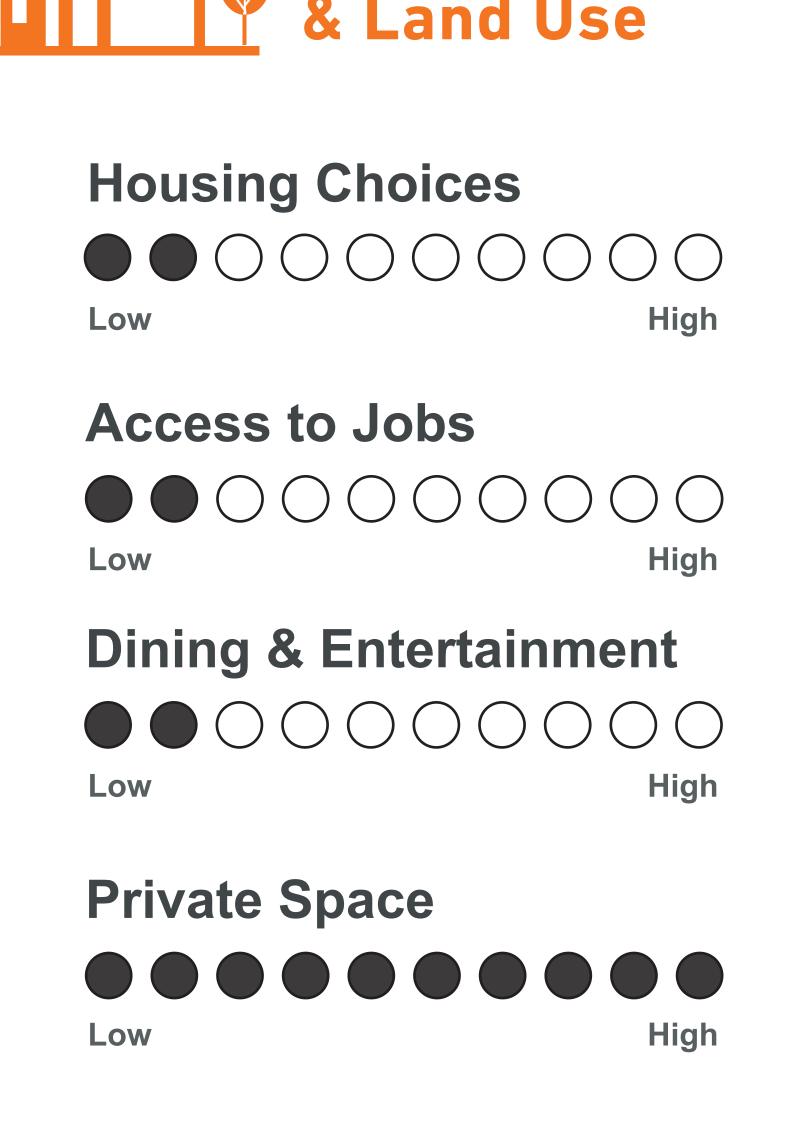
Blue Ridge Cleveland Fork Shoals Gowensville Greenpond Highland Lake Lanier Locust Hill Mountain View Skyland Slater-Marietta The Cliffs at Glassy Tigerville Walnut Springs Ware Place

Potential Impacts

Each Character Area offers distinct benefits and impacts in elements like transportation and infrastructure, environment and resources, and sense-of-place and land use.







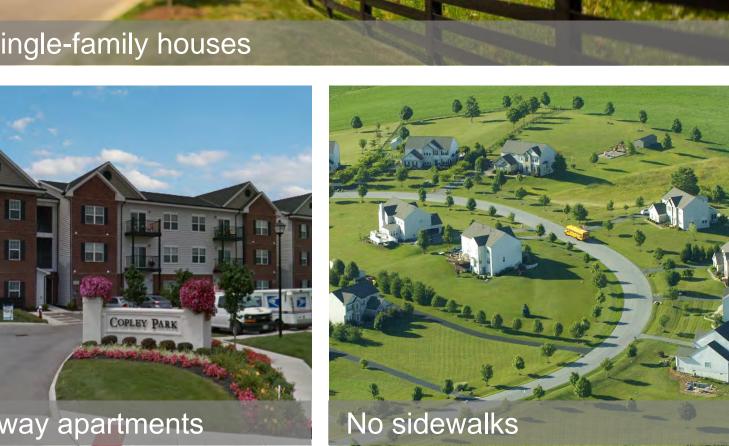
Suburban

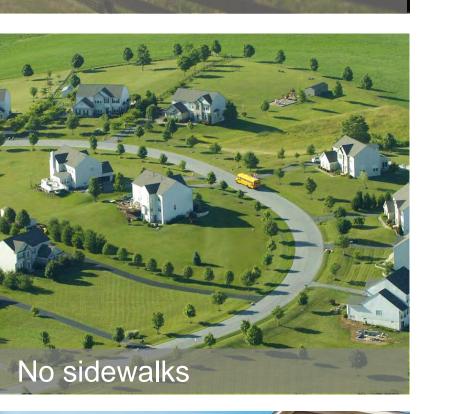
Suburban development patterns are characterized primarily by the accommodation and prioritization of the automobile. Development is traditionally lower density with separate residential and commercial areas. Detached single-family homes with generous yards are synonymous with suburban development; however, attached single-family homes and multi-family apartments are also typical land uses. Commercial uses with large surface parking lots, most notably retail and office clusters, are generally located along prominent thoroughfare and highway interchanges. Suburban areas feature parks and schools that are primarily accessible by automobile.

Place Type Character Images

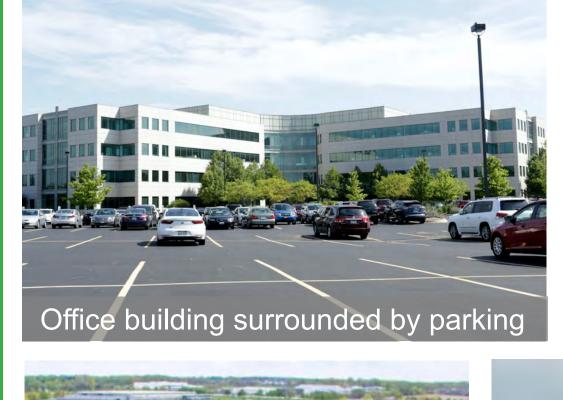








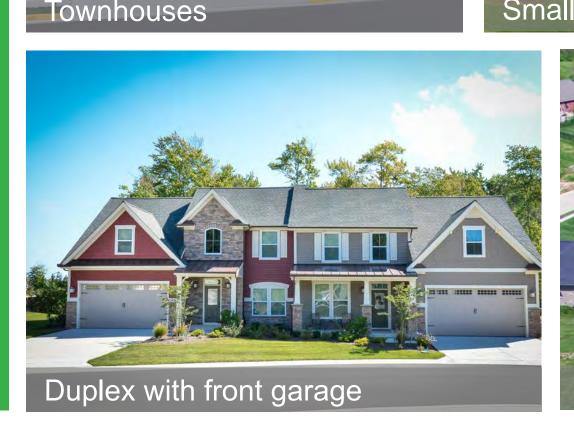




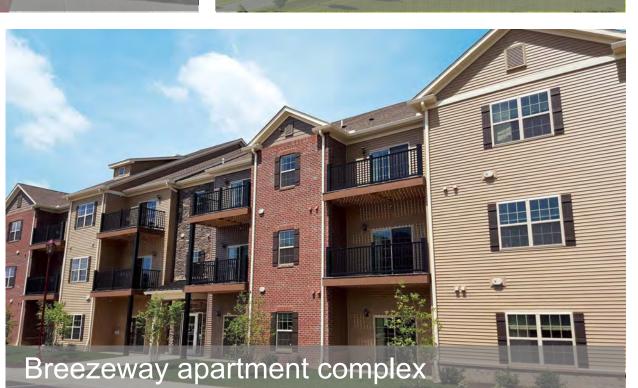












Local Examples

Belle Meade Berea **Botany Woods** Chick Springs Devenger

Fairview

T

Five Forks

Greenridge

Haywood Mall

Howell

Hunter's Landing Magnolia Acres

Pebble Creek

Pelham Falls

Remington

Riverside

Sugar Creek Stone Lake

Thornblade

Wade Hampton Welcome

Potential Impacts

Each Character Area offers distinct benefits and impacts in elements like transportation and infrastructure, environment and resources, and sense-of-place and land use.

(32C)

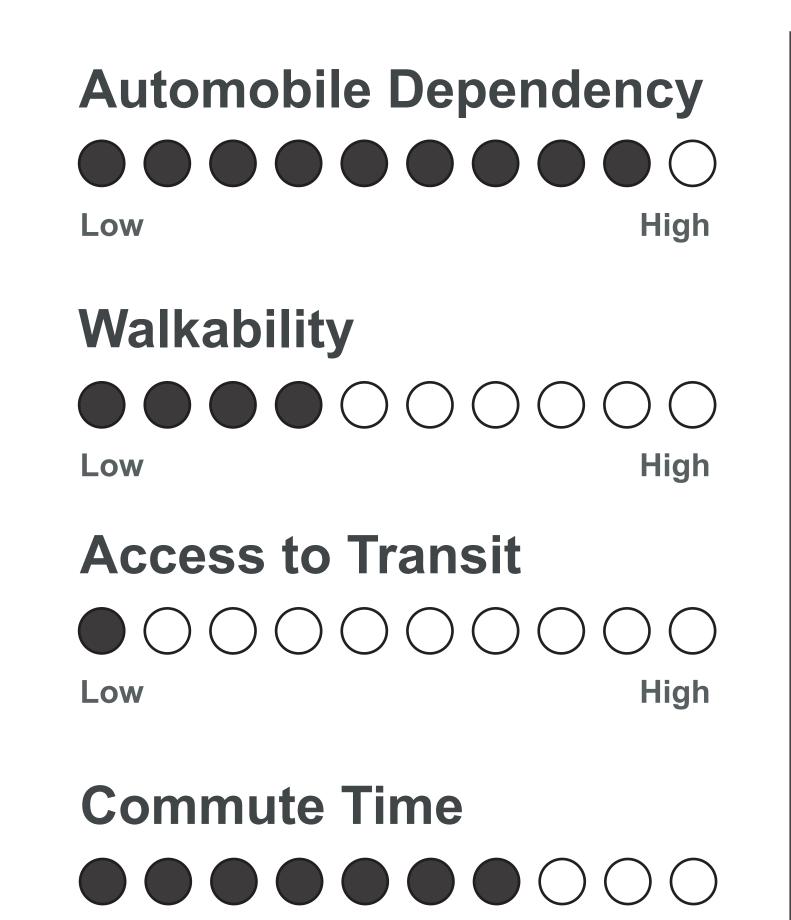
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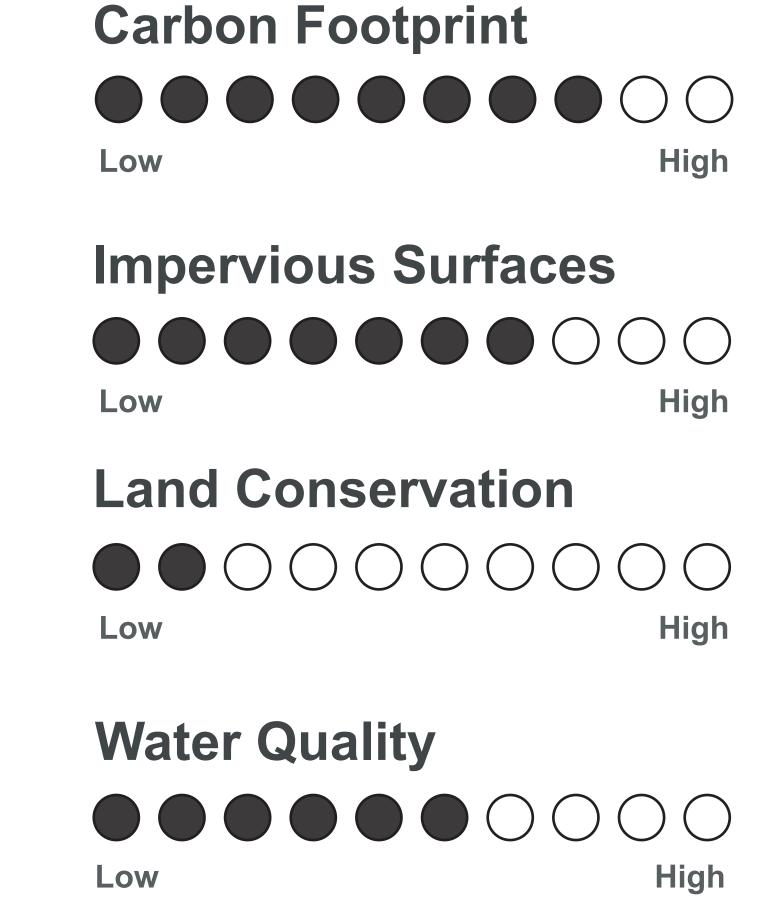


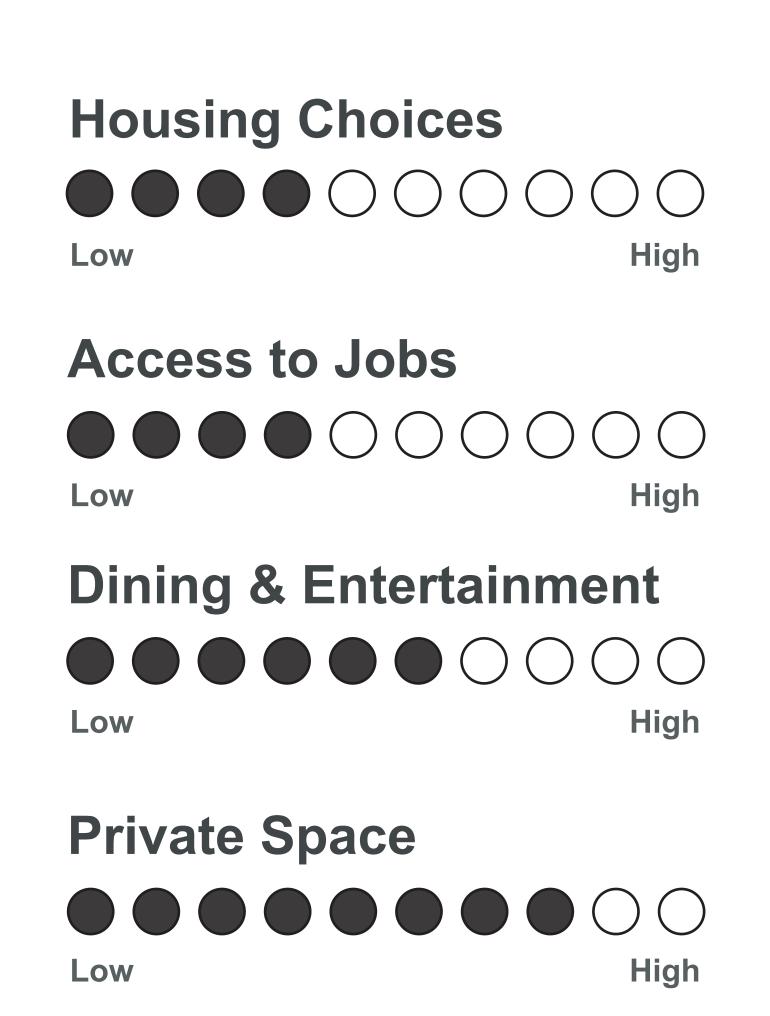






Low



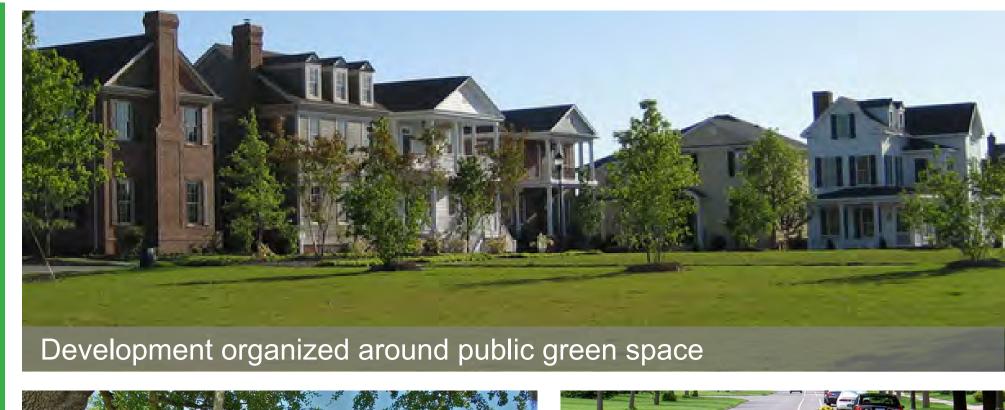


Traditional

Traditional neighborhoods are characterized by mixed land use patterns with residential and commercial uses located within walking distance to one another, reducing the reliance on vehicular travel. Streets are designed to accommodate pedestrians, cyclists, and vehicular traffic. Parking needs are accommodated on-street as well as off-street, but off-street parking does not take priority over pedestrian access and comfort. Density is often higher than in suburban neighborhoods as less space is dedicated to vehicular circulation and storage. Homes may be similar in size to those in suburban communities but have smaller yards and more reliance on shared public space.

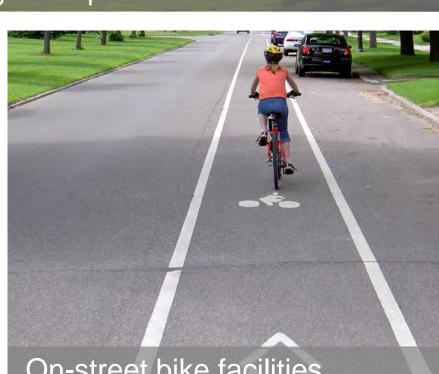
Place Type Character Images

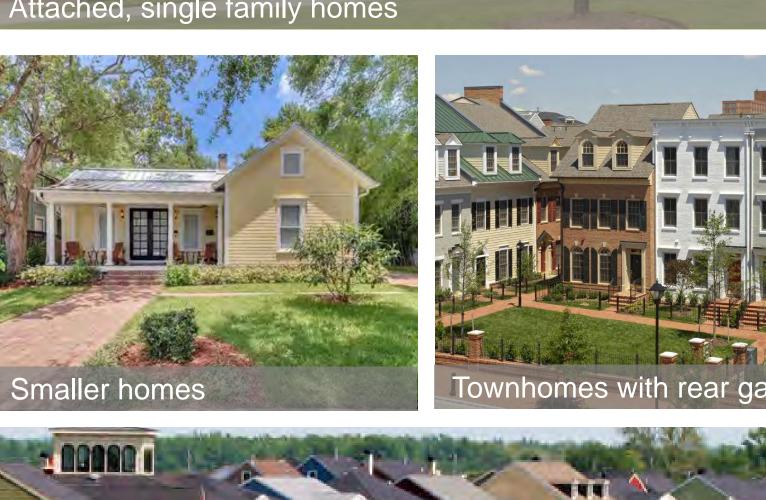


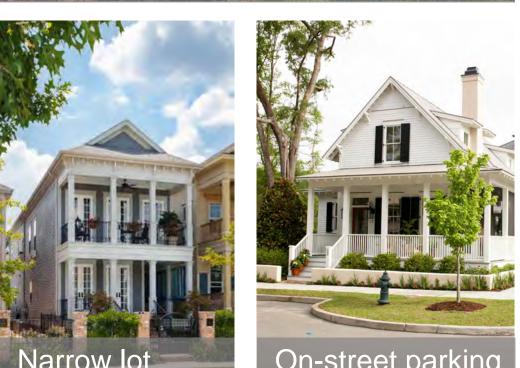


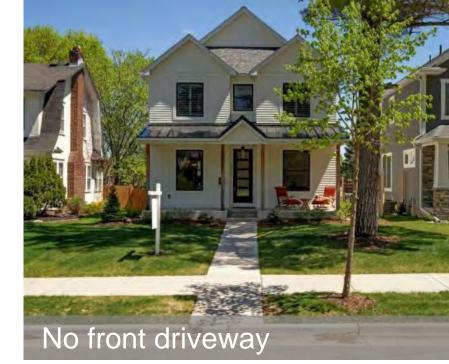








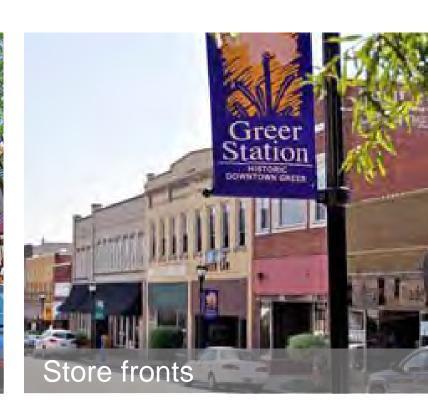






(NB) Busin













Local Examples

Alta Vista Arcadia Hills Augusta Street Brandon

Cascades Verdae

City View

Colonel Elias Earle H.D. Downtown Fountain Inn Downtown Simpsonville

Downtown Travelers Rest

Dunean

East Park

Greater Sullivan

Greer Station

Hartness

Hollingsworth Park

Judson

Monaghan

O'Neal Village

Nicholtown

Pettigru

Sterling

Viola Street

Potential Impacts

Each Character Area offers distinct benefits and opportunities in elements like transportation and infrastructure, environment and resources, and sense-of-place and land use.





Sense-of-Place & Land Use

Low



Automobile Dependency Low High

Walkability

Low **Access to Transit**

Low

Low

Commute Time

High

High



Impervious Surfaces

Land Conservation

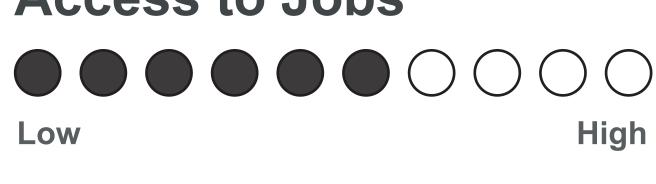
Low

Water Quality



Housing Choices

Access to Jobs



Dining & Entertainment

High Low

Private Space

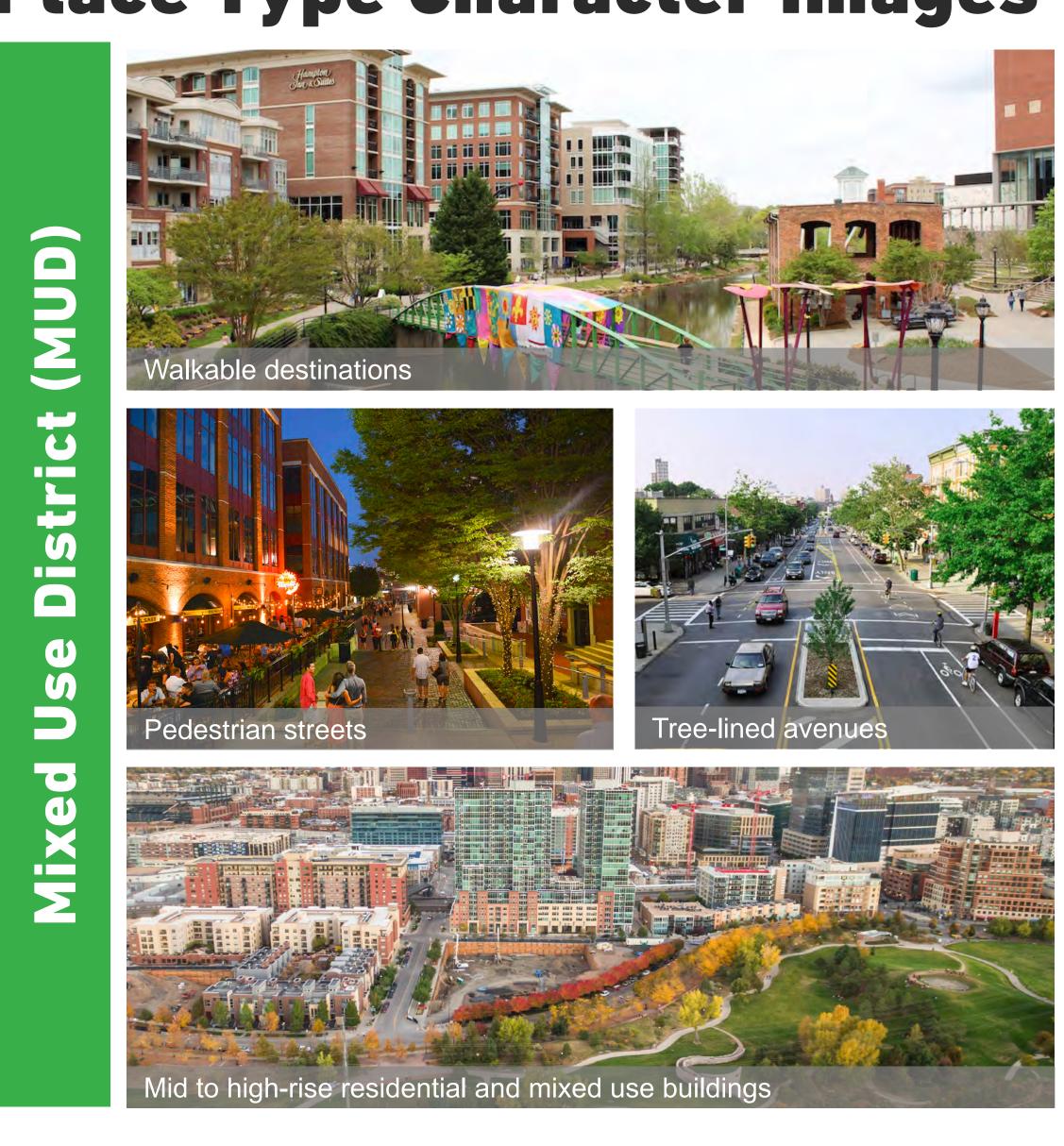
Low

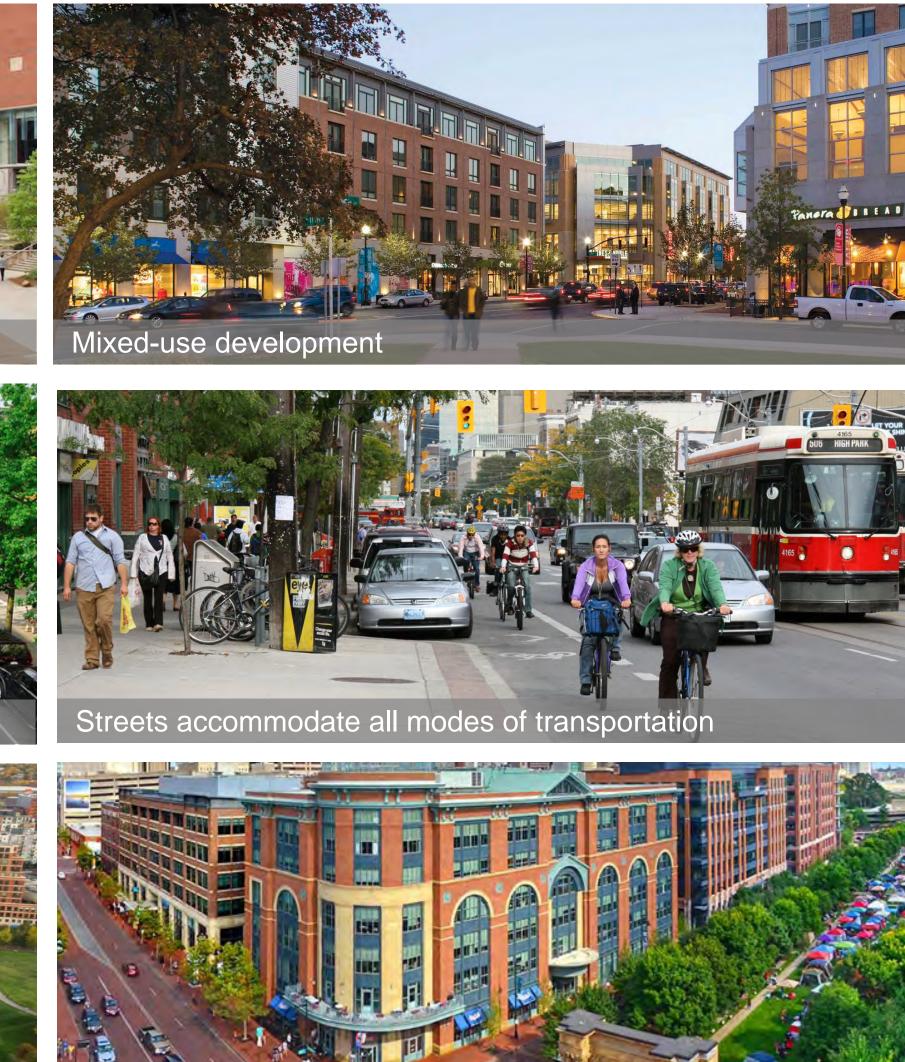
High

Urban

Urban districts are identifiable by **mixed-use**, **mid-++ to high-rise buildings**. Typically located near downtowns and in older areas of communities, these neighborhoods often have a unique and special character. Urban neighborhoods are dense, facilitating **lively street life and accommodating alternative forms of transportation**. Parking is often limited and located on-street or in parking structures. **Destinations are walkable and life without a personal vehicle is possible**. Multifamily buildings are the primary residential product, and private yards are rare. Open spaces are often **public spaces**, **pocket parks**, **and civic gathering spaces**.

Place Type Character Images







Local Examples

Downtown Greenville
District West
Haynie-Sirrine
McBee Station
Payne-Logan
Reedy Point
West End

Regional Examples

Atlantic Station (Atlanta)
Buckhead (Atlanta)
East Side (Charleston)
Gateway Village (Charlotte)
Midtown (Atlanta)
Rosslyn (Arlington, Virginia)
South End (Charlotte)

Potential Impacts

Each *Character Area* offers distinct benefits and impacts in elements like transportation and infrastructure, environment and resources, and sense-of-place and land use.



Automobile Dependency

High

High

Access to Transit

Commute Time

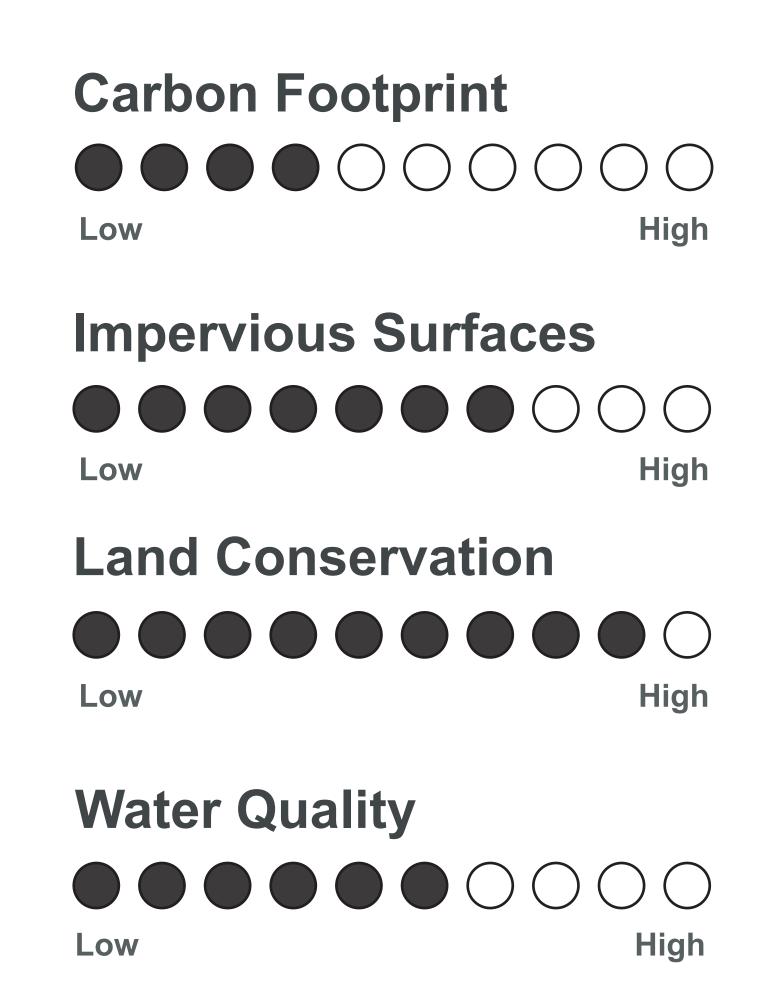
Low

Low

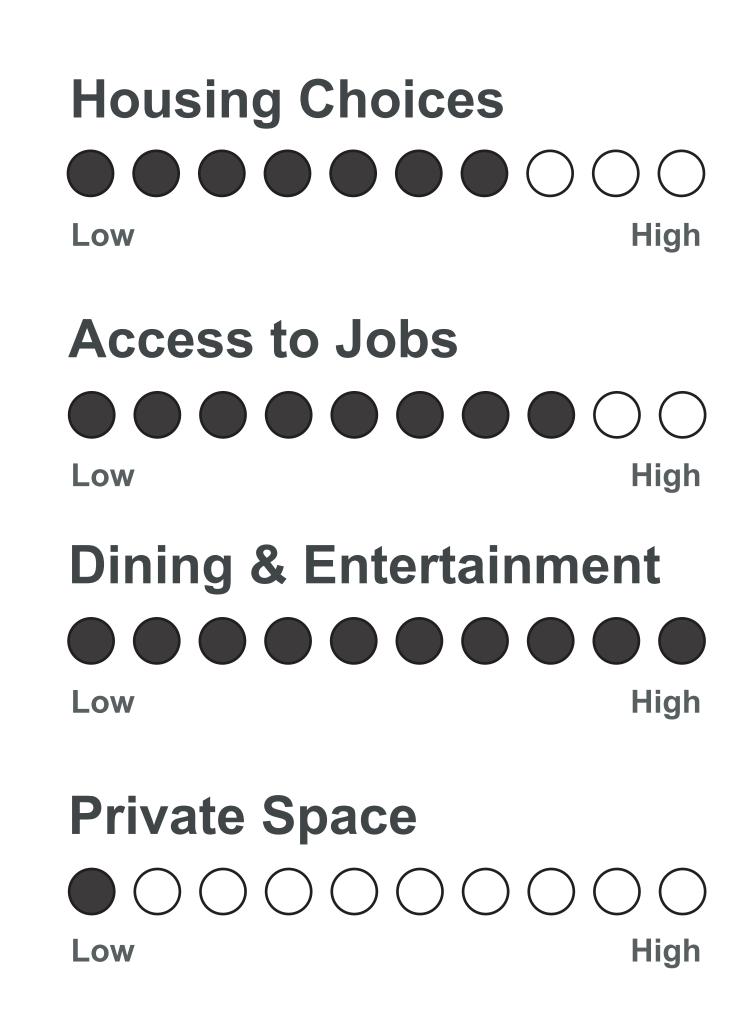
Low

Walkability









Employment Centers & Special Districts

Employment Centers often are organized with large-footprint buildings which accommodate warehousing and distribution, manufacturing, light industry, and flex-office spaces. Generally, logistics and industrial parks are located adjacent to major highway and freight facilities to capitalize on distribution and delivery efficiencies. Open space is generally dedicated to surface parking, circulation, and stormwater management. Large surface-parking lots and truck-loading bays are common. Special Districts include university and medical campuses as well as airports and industrial parks, all with unique needs and building forms.

Place Type Character Images







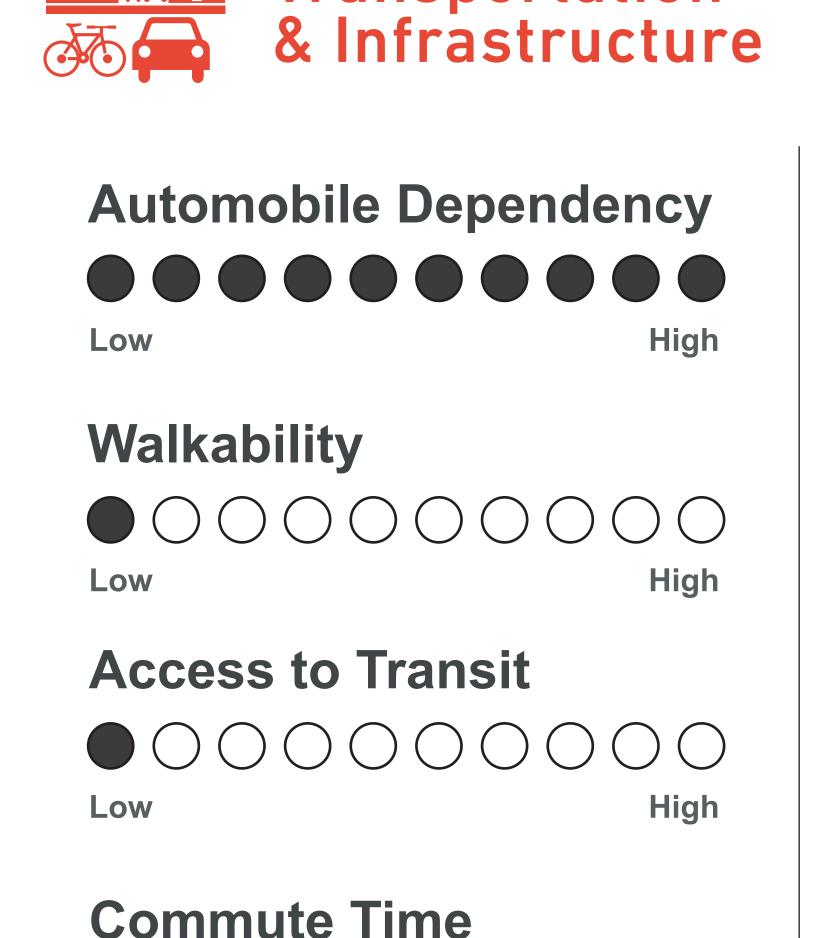
Local Examples

Augusta Grove
Bob Jones University
CU-ICAR
Furman University
General Electric Park
Greenville Memorial Hospital
Greenville Technical College
GSP International Airport
Innovation Park
Millennium Campus
North Greenville University
Patewood Medical Campus
SCTAC
Southchase

Potential Impacts (Mixed Employment Centers Only)

Each *Character Area* offers distinct benefits and impacts in elements like transportation and infrastructure, environment and resources, and sense-of-place and land use.

Environment & Resources



Low

Transportation

