COUNTY OF GREENVILLE STATISTICAL INFORMATION

DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Population Growth

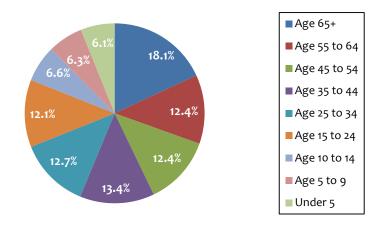
The population of the County is estimated to be 569,355 for 2025. Greenville County is the largest county in population in South Carolina. Growth rates have averaged 1.47% per year since 2010.

				Projected
				Annual Growth
Total Population	2010	2020	2025	Rate
Greenville County	451,225	529,297	569,355	1.47%
Upstate SC	1,362,073	1,534,241	1,622,166	1.12%
South Carolina	4,625,364	5,282,232	5,629,430	1.28%

Source: Appalachian Council of Governments

Population by Age

The following chart depicts the age distribution of the population of Greenville County. The median age of the Greenville population is 37.8.



Population by Race and Ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	2010	2020	2025
White	73.8%	73.0%	72.3%
Black	18.1%	17.2%	16.9%
American Indian/Alaska Native	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Asian	2.0%	2.6%	3.1%
Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Some Other Race	3.9%	4.4%	4.7%
Two or More Races	1.9%	2.4%	2.7%
Hispanic Origin	8.1%	9.2%	10.0%

Source: Appalachian Council of Governments

ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Per Capita Income

The County ranked third among the 46 counties in the State of South Carolina in per capita personal income for 2020.

Per Capita Income	2020	2025
Greenville County	\$33,019	\$36,581
South Carolina	\$29,227	\$32,506
United States	\$34,136	\$37,691

Source: Applachian Council of Governments

Median Household Income

The estimated median household income for the County was \$60,877 in 2020, which ranked the household income of the County as the highest among the 10 counties in the upstate region. Listed to the right are the median family income statistics for Greenville County, the State, and the United States.

Median Household Income	2020	2025
Greenville County	\$60,877	\$65,306
South Carolina	\$53,366	\$56,881
United States	\$62,203	\$67,325

Source: Applachian Council of Governments

Households and Families

The chart below lists the total households and families in Greenville County. The housing tenure data is a percentage of total occupied housing units.

Households and Families	2010	2020	2025
Total Households	176,531	207,400	223,139
Total Families	119,362	137,638	147,236
Average HH Size	2.49	2.5	2.5
Renter Occupied	29.40%	31.80%	32.30%
Owner Occupied	60.90%	59.30%	59.10%

Source: Applachian Council of Governments

Capital Investment

Over the past five years, Greenville has attracted more than \$1.96 billion in new business investments and 9,505 new jobs. This growth has allowed for more businesses to be created per capita than any other region in the southeastern United States. This table sets forth the total capital investment for new and expanded industry within the County for the last five years.

Year	Total Investment	Jobs Created
2016	\$ 425.9 Million	2,639
2017	\$ 336.0 Million	1,789
2018	\$ 161.8 Million	1,477
2019	\$ 401.9 Million	2,178
2020	\$ 631.5 Million	1,422
Five Year Total	\$ 1.96 Billion	9,505

Source: Greenville Area Development Corporation

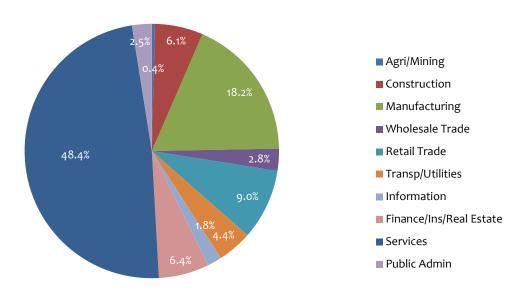
Major Employers

The following table shows the ten largest employers located within the County, the type of business and their approximate number of employees as of 2020.

Company Name	Type of Business	Employment
Prisma Health	Health Services	10,000+
Greenville County Schools	Public Education	10,000+
Michelin North America, Inc.	Headquarters/R&D/Mfg (radial tires)	5,001-10,000
Bon Secours St. Francis Health System	Health Services	2,501-5,000
Duke Energy Corporation	Utility Provider	2,501-5,000
Greenville County Government	Local Government	2,501-5,000
SC State Government	State Government	2,501-5,000
GE Power	Turbines	1,001-2,500
Fluor Corporation	Engineering/Construction Services	1,001-2,500
SYNNEX Corporation	Technology Solutions	1,001-2,500

Source: Appalachian Council of Governments

Employment by Industry



Assessed Value of Taxable Property

The assessed value of all taxable property in the County for the last five fiscal years for which data is available is set forth below:

		Assessed Value in County				Т	otal Assessed		
Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Real Property Personal Property		Real Property		Real Property			Value
2014	2013	\$	1,569,022,000	\$	460,268,000	\$	2,029,290,000		
2015	2014	\$	1,612,481,000	\$	489,517,000	\$	2,101,998,000		
2016	2015	\$	1,678,930,000	\$	505,327,000	\$	2,184,257,000		
2017	2016	\$	1,730,661,000	\$	491,396,000	\$	2,222,057,000		
2018	2017	\$	1,809,997,000	\$	498,958,000	\$	2,308,955,000		
2019	2018	\$	1,907,916,000	\$	522,702,000	\$	2,430,618,000		
2020	2019	\$	1,999,847,000	\$	539,246,000	\$	2,539,093,000		

Source: County Records

Tax Collections for Last Five Years

The following table shows taxes levied (adjusted to include additions, abatements) for the County, taxes collected as of June 30 of the year following the year in which the levy was made, the amount of delinquent taxes (which include taxes levied in prior years but collected in the year shown), and the percentage of taxes collected.

			Current	Current	- [Delinquent	Total	
Fiscal	Tax	Total	Taxes	Percentage		Taxes	Taxes	Percent
Year	Year	Tax Levy	Collected	Collected		Collected	Collected	Collected
2014	2013	\$ 490,377,964	\$ 476,935,106	97.3%	\$	12,071,402	\$ 489,006,508	99.7%
2015	2014	\$ 518,399,698	\$ 509,608,216	98.3%	\$	7,386,417	\$ 516,994,633	99.7%
2016	2015	\$ 545,006,314	\$ 535,301,452	98.2%	\$	5,845,027	\$ 541,146,479	99.3%
2017	2016	\$ 560,960,359	\$ 553,991,080	98.8%	\$	6,832,593	\$ 560,823,673	100.0%
2018	2017	\$ 598,191,409	\$ 588,482,603	98.4%	\$	9,556,335	\$ 598,038,938	100.0%
2019	2018	\$ 640,793,363	\$ 631,763,160	98.6%	\$	5,659,937	\$ 637,423,097	99.5%
2020	2019	\$ 676,541,598	\$ 665,067,402	98.3%	\$	-	\$ 665,067,402	98.3%

Source: Greenville County Records

Ten Largest Taxpayers

The ten largest taxpayers for Fiscal Year 2020 (tax year 2019) in the County are set forth below:

			Taxable	Percentage of
		Ass	essed Value	Total Taxable
Taxpayer	Type of Business	(000	o's omitted)	Assessed Value
Duke Energy Corporation	Electric Utility	\$	45,170	1.80%
Cellco Partnership/Verizon Wireless	Communications		11,454	0.50%
BellSouth Telecommunications	Telephone Utility		8,349	0.30%
Piedmont Natural Gas	Utility		8,185	0.30%
Greenridge Shops, Inc	Property Management		6,046	0.20%
Simon Haywood LLC & Bellwether	Property Management		5,986	0.20%
Magnolia Park	Property Management		5,539	0.20%
Laurens Electric Coop Inc	Utility		5,322	0.20%
3M Company	Manufacturing		4,940	0.20%
District West LLC	Property Management		4,012	0.20%
Total		\$	105,003	4.10%

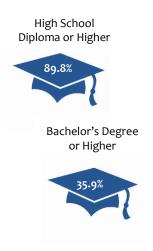
Source: County Records

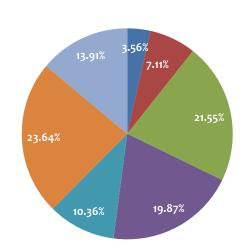
EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Greenville County Public Schools/Private Schools

Greenville County is served by one school district, which serves more than 70,000 students each year. It is the largest school district in South Carolina, and the 47th largest in the nation. Greenville's school district offers diversified learning opportunities, including magnet schools that offer special learning opportunities, International Baccalaureate (IB) Program, and unique learning experiences at the Roper Mountain Science Center. There are approximately 20 private schools within Greenville County. The table below indicates the level of education for persons 25 years and older for the County.

Educational Attainment







Higher Education

Greenville County has several higher education facilities that enroll students at the college level in private or technical schools. The following table shows these institutions.

Institution	Туре
Bob Jones University	4 Year Private
Furman University	4 Year Private
Greenville Technical College	Technical College
North Greenville University	4 Year Private
The University Center	Consortium *

Source: South Carolina Commission on Higher Education

^{*} Students attending The University Center are enrolled in one of seven participating colleges or universities.

QUALITY OF LIFE

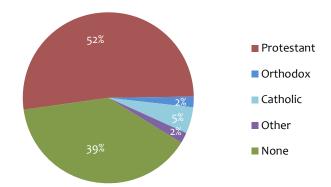
Health Care

Greenville County is served by two major health systems: Prisma Health System and Bon Secours Health System. The Prisma Health System is the state's largest provider and one of the Southeast's leading medical facilities. Bon Secours is a private, non-profit system.

Facility	Type of Facility	# Beds
Prisma Health Greer Memorial Hospital	General Medical & Surgical	82
Prisma Health Greenville Memorial Hospital	General Medical & Surgical	864
Prisma Health Hillcrest Hospital	General Medical & Surgical	43
Prisma Health North Greenville Hospital	General Medical & Surgical	45
Prisma Health Patewood Memorial Hospital	General Medical & Surgical	72
Spartanburg Regional Pelham Medical Center	General Medical & Surgical	48
Shriners Hospital for Children	Orthopedic	50
Bon Secours St. Francis Eastside	General Medical & Surgical	93
Bon Secours St. Francis Downtown	General Medical & Surgical	338

Religion

A large variety of religious practices are found in the Greenville area. The section of the population affiliated with a religious congregation is approximately 61%. The chart below displays the percentage of individuals associated with various religions and/or denominations.



The Arts

Much of the artistic and cultural activity of the county is centered around The Peace Center. The Peace

Center offers a 2,100-seat concert hall, a 400-seat theatre, an amphitheater, and other event spaces. The Center brings a wide variety of performances, including Broadway shows, classical and opera performances, dance, and drama. Greenville features several theatre and ballet groups, such as the Carolina Ballet Theatre, Centre Stage, the South Carolina Children's Theatre, Greenville Little Theatre, the Warehouse Theatre, the Greenville Chorale, and the Greenville Symphony Orchestra.

Greenville also features several museums and art galleries. The Greenville County Museum of Art is counted among the country's premier American Art museums, drawing visitors from



around the world to see installations of work by two of the nation's greatest contemporary artists, Andrew Wyeth and Jasper Johns. The Bob Jones Museum and Gallery is recognized as one of America's finest collections of Italian paintings. The Children's Museum is the 10th largest children's museum in the world and 7th largest in the country. It features numerous exhibit galleries, a traveling exhibit hall, and outdoor interactive exhibit spaces. Greenville is also home to the Upcountry History Museum which works to promote, present and preserve the history of Upcountry South Carolina.

Convention Facilities

The Bon Secours Wellness Arena is used for concerts, hockey, and other events. Greenville also has the Greenville Convention Center, with 280,000 square feet of exhibit space and 60,000 square feet of meeting and conference space.



Climate

The table below depicts the average climate for Greenville County based on information from the National Climatic Data Center.

Yearly Average Temperature	61.7 degrees F
Yearly Average High Temperature	90.1 degrees F
Yearly Average Low Temperature	33.3 degrees F
Yearly Average Precipiation	51"
Snowfall:Average Total Inches	3"

Source: SC Department of Natural Resources

Recreation

Greenville County Recreation

Greenville County government (through the Parks, Recreation and Tourism Department) operates over 53 parks, trails, and recreation facilities including, the Pavilion (ice skating venue), Riverbend (equestrian park), Westside Aquatic Center (50-meter public indoor swimming facility), and several water parks.

City of Greenville Recreation

The City of Greenville Recreation and Parks Department operates 39 parks occupying more the 400 acres of land. The largest park features The Greenville Zoo, an exotic animal kingdom featuring exhibits which represent Asia, Africa, and Australia.

State Recreation Areas

Various state parks can also be found in Greenville, including Paris Mountain State Park, Table Rock State Park, Jones Gap and Caesar's Head State Parks and other facilities.

Greenville County Library

Greenville has a countywide library system with one main library facility, 10 branches, 1 bookmobile and a website that provides much information, materials, and services.

Sports

Professional baseball has been a part of Greenville for more than a century. From the Spinners, Mets, Red Sox, Braves, Bombers and now the Drive, Greenville has hosted a series of professional teams. Greenville is currently home to the Greenville Drive, a Red Sox affiliate.



COUNTY SERVICES PROVIDED

Tax Supported Services

The County provides various local services that are funded primarily from the County's ad valorem tax levy and County office fees. These services include public works, public safety and law enforcement, and various administrative services.

Revenue-Supported Services

The County's Department of Community Development and Planning operates a system of solid waste collection, solid waste transfer, and various recycling programs. The fee structure is set at rates that are low to moderate in comparison with local private providers. The system is supported largely from fees charged for services as well as ad valorem tax levy for Solid Waste services. The Department also operates the Stormwater program from a fee charged to property owners. Revenues are used to fund expenses related to the NPDES MS4 permit, County drainage projects, and floodplain projects.

OTHER FACILITIES SERVING THE COUNTY

Ground Transportation

Greenville County has 1,465 miles of state-maintained highways and 1,670 miles of roadway maintained by Greenville County. Interstate 85 is the backbone of the manufacturing region. Greenville also connects with I-26 to the south, enabling direct access to South Carolina ports, and to I-85 to the southwest from I-385.



Air Transportation

The Greenville-Spartanburg International Airport (GSP) serves the Upstate of South Carolina and is the largest airport in the state. More than 1.9 million passengers per year are served by 5 major airlines offering 50 non-stop average daily departures to 16 major cities and 19 airports across the US.



Public Transit

GreenLink (aka Greenville Transit Authority) offers fourteen fixed routes to destinations across the county. Buses run six days per week.



Ordinance No. 5299 COUNTY OF GREENVILLE FISCAL YEAR 2021-2022 BUDGET ORDINANCE

SECTION 1: The following funds are hereby appropriated for the operations of county government for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021 and ending June 30, 2022.

SCHEDULE A: GENERAL FUND		
Administrative Services		\$ 3,360,382
General Services		14,010,209
Strategic Operations		28,234,644
Community Development and Planning		24,329,522
Public Safety		34,652,533
Elected & Appointed Offices/Judicial		22,879,347
Elected & Appointed Offices/Fiscal		3,424,951
Elected & Appointed Offices/Law Enforcement		59,859,354
Other Services		10,949,391
Other Financing Uses		4,158,895
TOTAL GENERAL FUND		\$205,859,228
SCHEDULE B: SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		
State Accommodations Tax		
Expenditures	\$ 925,000	
Other Financing Uses	71,750	\$ 996,750
Local Accommodations Tax		
Expenditures	\$ 400,000	
Fund Balance Contribution	235,000	635,000
Emergency 911		
Expenditures	\$ 2,918,905	
Fund Balance Contribution	305,605	3,224,510
Hospitality Tax		
Expenditures	\$ 440,000	
Other Financing Uses	6,987,622	
Fund Balance Contribution	1,706,594	9,134,216
Infrastructure Bank		
Economic Development Expenditures	\$ 1,875,975	
Other Financing Uses	11,525,028	13,401,003
Medical Charities		C 0
Expenditures		6,870,055
Parks and Recreation	t	
Expenditures	\$ 16,373,878	
Other Financing Uses	1,685,927	10 000 (00
Fund Balance Contribution	848,815	18,908,620
Public Safety Interoperable Communications		3,356,510
Road Program		
Road Projects	\$ 12,000,000	
Other Financing Uses	3,250,000	15,250,000
Victim's Rights		
Expenditures	\$ 447,015	
Fund Balance Contribution	27,985	475,000
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		\$ 72,251,664

SCHEDULE C: DEBT SERVICE FUND		
General Obligation Bonds		
Principal	\$ 5,514,999	
Interest	1,283,678	
Service Charges	5,000	
Fund Balance Contribution	1,995,080	\$ 8,798,757
Certificates of Participation		
Principal	2,880,000	
Interest	910,400	
Service Charges	10,000	
Fund Balance Contribution	532,144	4,332,544
Special Source Revenue Bonds	22 / 11	1/25 /211
Principal	1,901,000	
Interest	163,888	
Service Charges	10,000	
Fund Balance Contribution	9,001	2,083,889
Capital Leases		_,,,,,,,,
Principal	4,345,619	
Interest	280,490	
Fund Balance Contribution		4,628,211
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND	2,102	\$ 19,843,401
TOTAL DEDT SERVICE TOND		3 19,045,401
SCHEDULE D: CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		
Technological Improvements		\$ 1,301,000
Equipment Projects		\$ 1,301,000 8,159,000
Facility/Construction Projects		60,685,000
Parks, Recreation, Tourism Projects		675,000
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		\$ 70,820,000
TOTAL CALITALT ROJECTS TOND		3 70,020,000
SCHEDULE E: INTERNAL SERVICE FUND		
Fleet Management		
Expenditures		\$ 7,782,779
Health and Dental Insurance		
Expenditures	26,149,724	
Fund Balance Contribution	2,212,287	28,362,011
Workers Compensation Insurance		
Expenditures	2,085,000	
Other Financing Uses	2,000,000	4,085,000
TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUND		\$ 40,229,790
SCHEDULE F: ENTERPRISE FUND		
Solid Waste		
Expenditures	\$ 12,965,494	
Other Financing Uses	591,150	\$ 13,556,644
Stormwater Management		Ţ · <i>ŊŊŊ</i> ŸĬŸĬŢ
Expenditures		13,104,502
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUND		\$ 26,661,146
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SECTION 2: Revenues available in FY2022 are estimated according to the following schedules.

SCHEDULE A: GENERAL FUND		
Property Tax		\$ 112,186,696
County Office Revenue		37,901,541
State Shared Taxes		24,535,080
Other Revenue		8,752,880
Other Financing Sources		16,934,188
Fund Balance Usage		5,548,843
TOTAL GENERAL FUND		\$ 205,859,228
SCHEDULE B: SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		
State Accommodations Tax	\$ 935,000	
Fund Balance Usage	61,750	\$ 996,750
Local Accommodations Tax		635,000
		035,000
E911 User Fees		2 224 510
Hospitality Tax		3,224,510
Infrastructure Bank		9,134,216
FILOT Revenues	\$ 13,005,052	
Other	\$ 13,005,052 80,000	
Fund Balance Usage	315,951	13,401,003
Medical Charities		13,401,003
Property Tax	\$ 6,480,256	
Intergovernmental	115,000	
Other	100,000	
Fund Balance Usage	174,799	6,870,055
Parks and Recreation		0,0/0,0)
Property Tax	\$ 11,894,351	
Other	5,679,485	
Other Financing Sources	1,334,784	18,908,620
Public Safety Interoperable Communications	<u></u>	10,300,020
Fees	3,262,892	
Fund Balance Usage	93,618	3,356,510
Road Program		2122-12.0
Road Maintenance Fees	\$ 12,679,197	
Fund Balance Usage	2,570,803	15,250,000
Victim's Rights		. 5,-5-,
Intergovernmental Revenue		475,000
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		\$ 72,251,664
SCHEDULE C: DEBT SERVICE FUND		
General Obligation Bonds		
Property Tax	\$ 3,171,86 7	
Intergovernmental	5,611,890	
Other	15,000	\$ 8,798,757
Certificates of Participation		
Property Tax	528,644	
Intergovernmental	13,500	
Other Financing Sources	3,790,400	4,332,544
-		

Special Source Revenue Bonds Intergovernmental Other Financing Sources Capital Leases Other Other Financing Sources TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND	19,000 2,064,889 2,100 4,626,111	2,083,889 4,628,211 \$ 19,843,401
SCHEDULE D: CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		
Other Financing Sources		\$ 3,820,000
Capital Lease Proceeds		7,000,000
Bond Proceeds TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		60,000,000
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FOND		<u>\$ 70,820,000</u>
SCHEDULE E: INTERNAL SERVICE FUND Fleet Management		
Reimbursements	\$ 7,183,950	
Fund Balance Usage	598,829_	\$ 7,782,779
Health and Dental		
Premiums		\$ 28,362,011
Workers Compensation		
Premiums	3,185,000	
Fund Balance Usage	900,000	4,085,000
TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUND		\$ 40,229,790
SCHEDULE F: ENTERPRISE FUND		
Solid Waste		
Property Tax	\$ 4,757,800	
Solid Waste Tipping Fees	6,575,251	
Other	733,800	
Fund Balance Usage	1,489,793	\$ 13 , 556 , 644
Stormwater		
Fees	\$ 8,114,000	
Fund Balance Usage TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUND	4,990,502	13,104,502
IOTAL ENTERPRISE FUND		\$ 26,661,146

SECTION 3: TAX RATES. Tax rates are authorized to be levied on each dollar valuation of taxable property as listed for taxes on January 1, 2021 for the purpose of raising revenue from property taxes as set forth in aforementioned estimates of revenue and in order to finance the aforementioned appropriations. Such rates of tax shall be based on an estimated net assessed valuation of property for the purpose of taxation of \$2.69 billion and an estimated current collection rate of ninety-eight percent (98%). The ad valorem tax millage levies set forth herein are subject to reassessment year calculations pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. 12-37-251 (E). The Auditor and Tax Collector of Greenville County are hereby directed to levy and collect taxes in accordance with this Ordinance.

	TAX RATES
General Fund	41.6
Special Revenue Fund	
Charity Hospitalization	2.4
Parks, Recreation, Tourism	4.5
Debt Service Funds	
G. O. Bonds	1.2
Certificate of Participation	0.4

Enterprise Fund
Solid Waste 1.8
TOTAL 51.9

SECTION 4: LINE ITEM ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHED. All line item accounts as set forth in the FY2022 Budget Proposal, as adjusted and established by the aforementioned appropriation, are herein established and incorporated as if fully set forth and shall be expended, transferred, or supplemented pursuant to the Greenville County Code. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer funds between departments to make necessary changes and adjustments to reflect Council amendments to the proposed budget.

SECTION 5: REVERSION. Upon the expiration of this ordinance all unencumbered balances remaining in the funds listed in Section 1 shall revert to their respective funds.

SECTION 6: ACCOUNTING. All County Offices, Departments, Agencies, Commissions, or Boards funded wholly or in part by County Council shall submit copies of annual operating budgets, financial statements and quarterly reports of revenue and expense to the Finance Department for appropriate evaluation and Council Review.

SECTION 7: MUNICIPAL PAVING ASSISTANCE. From the FY2022 road program, a total of \$700,000 shall be designated to assist the seven municipal road improvement programs. The allotment to any municipality shall be capped at 50% of the total amount allocated to municipalities in the County of Greenville Road Improvement Program. Each municipality prior to any future funding from Greenville County Road Improvement funds shall provide official documentation that road improvements have been appropriately made with the funding. The County shall utilize the formula used in FY2001 to determine allocations. The road assistance money set aside for municipalities in this section shall not be made available to any municipality that owes an outstanding balance to Greenville County.

SECTION 8: ROAD PAVING DISTRIBUTION. Road Improvement Funding distribution is based on "percentage of road miles per district" and "worst roads first" as hereafter described. Staff will base initial selections on Overall Condition Index (OCI) data collected every four years. Worst roads first shall be based on a road's assigned pavement condition (OCI) and verified by a preliminary field assessment. Roads will be selected for improvement from each district using the "worst roads first county-wide" policy, ensuring that roads are paved from each district. No one district shall receive an allocation exceeding 15% of the total funds allocated for road improvements.

SECTION 9: INFRASTRUCTURE BANK. Five percent (5%) of Infrastructure Bank funding from future FILOT transactions, following compliance with the master ordinance, shall be used for economic development purposes. The County Administrator is directed to determine and set a single allocation percentage to be used to calculate the County allocated portion of all FILOT fees from bills issued for the 2021 tax year and following years in lieu of the previously established 1996 allocation ratio.

SECTION 10: USER FEES. The County Administrator is hereby given authority to set user fees designed to cover the costs of programs approved for operation in the fiscal year 2022 budget. Additionally, the County Administrator is given authority to charge an administrative fee to non-county governed entities to cover the cost of processing charges levied and collected on real property tax notices. The County Administrator shall report any changes in user fees and administrative fees monthly to County Council.

SECTION 11: HISTORIC AND NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST. A Trust and Agency account shall be established for the Greenville County Historic and Natural Resources Trust. A total of \$1,000,000.00 shall be appropriated to assist the historic and natural resources program for the fiscal year 2022 budget. Additionally, County Council approval shall be required prior to property acquisitions, leases, or conservation easements. Greenville County Council sets up the following guidelines:

• Each purchase or acquisition of real property with a cost exceeding \$200,000 must be approved by County Council.

- Each purchase that requires County Council approval must be submitted to Greenville County Council Finance Committee for approval and must receive a public hearing and 3 readings.
- The approval process shall be set up in a similar manner to the FILOT process so that landowners
 may receive anonymity during the approval process. The Finance Committee may go into executive
 session to discuss the particulars of each land sale in order to receive legal advice from the County
 Attorney.
- An annual report that discloses among other things, committee activities, expenses, land acquisition, and must be presented to County Council by January 15th of each year.

SECTION 12: ELECTED OFFICIAL SALARIES. Beginning the first full pay period of fiscal year 2022, the salaries of the Greenville County Auditor, Greenville County Treasurer, Greenville County Register of Deeds, and Greenville County Coroner shall be in parity with one another based on the higher of the salaries currently paid to these elected officials. The cost of living adjustment recommended for the fiscal year will be applied to the new adjusted salaries.

SECTION 12a: GADC Surplus Funds: The \$2.5 million shown as special revenue transferring from GADC in the fiscal year 2022 general fund budget is contingent on approval by the GADC Board of such transfer.

SECTION 13: AFFORDABLE HOUSING. The County Administrator is directed to appropriate from available sources an additional five million dollars for affordable housing in Greenville County. Council directs the Administrator to work with Greenville County Redevelopment Authority, the Greenville Housing Fund, and other interested parties to put together and execute a plan to spend these funds over the course to the two-year budget cycle. An annual report must be submitted to Council showing disbursements and progress on the program.

SECTION 14: LEVY AUTHORIZED. A copy of this ordinance shall be furnished to the County Auditor and the Auditor is hereby authorized and directed to levy in the year 2021 on all taxable property in Greenville County a tax as determined in Section 3.

SECTION 15: All ordinances in conflict are hereby repealed.

SECTION 16: This ordinance shall take effect July 1, 2021.

ADOPTED IN REGULAR MEETING THIS 29th Day of June, 2021.

GREENVILLE COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

By: Millis H Meadour

Willis Meadows, Chairman of County Council

Greenville County, South Carolina

Joseph M. Kernell, County Administrator Greenville County, South Carolina

ATTEST:

By: Spina McCashill
Regina McCashill, Clerk to County Council

Greenville County, South Carolina

Ordinance No. 5303 COUNTY OF GREENVILLE FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023 BUDGET ORDINANCE

SECTION 1: The following funds are hereby appropriated for the operations of county government for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022 and ending June 30, 2023.

SCHEDULE A: GENERAL FUND		
Administrative Services		\$ 3,445,867
General Services		14,451,800
Strategic Operations		29,575,165
Community Development and Planning		24,797,319
Public Safety		35,754,424
Elected & Appointed Offices/Judicial		23,516,411
Elected & Appointed Offices/Fiscal		3,520,100
Elected & Appointed Offices/Law Enforcement		62,378,432
Other Services		11,235,128
Other Financing Uses		5,002,027
TOTAL GENERAL FUND		\$ 213,676,673
TO THE GENERAL FORD		+ 2.5,676,675
SCHEDULE B: SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		
State Accommodations Tax		
Expenditures	\$ 925,000	
Other Financing Uses	72,217_	\$ 997,217
Local Accommodations Tax		
Expenditures	\$ 400,000	
Fund Balance Contribution	241,350	641,350
Emergency 911		
Expenditures	\$ 2,944,213	
Fund Balance Contribution	307,903	3,252,116
Hospitality Tax		
Expenditures	\$ 440,000	
Other Financing Uses	7,246,272	
Fund Balance Contribution	1,493,015	9,179,287
Infrastructure Bank		2, 12, 1
Economic Development Expenditures	\$ 1,875,975	
Other Financing Uses	12,142,830	14,018,805
Medical Charities		., , -
Expenditures		6,999,822
Parks and Recreation		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Expenditures	\$ 15,647,484	
Other Financing Uses	1,516,202	
Fund Balance Contribution	2,270,338	19,434,024
Public Safety Interoperable Communications		3,356,510
Road Program		2,22 ,2
Road Projects	\$ 12,000,000	
Other Financing Uses	3,250,000	15,250,000
Victim's Rights		<i>5, 5 ,</i>
Expenditures	\$ 459,659	
Fund Balance Contribution	20,091	479,750
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		\$ 73,608,881
		<u> </u>

SCHEDULE C: DEBT SERVICE FUND		
General Obligation Bonds		
Principal Principal	\$ 5,240,000	
Interest	1,097,140	
Service Charges	5,000	
Fund Balance Contribution	2,578,554	\$ 8,920,694
Certificates of Participation		
Principal .	\$ 2,975,000	
Interest	811,300	
Service Charges	10,000	
Fund Balance Contribution	553,290	4,349,590
Special Source Revenue Bonds		
Principal	\$ 1,944,000	
Interest	123,966	
Service Charges	10,000	
Fund Balance Contribution	9,000	2,086,966
Capital Leases		2,000,900
Principal	\$ 5,180,621	
Interest		
Fund Balance Contribution	282,142	F 46 4 96 3
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND	2,100	5,464,863
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND		\$ 20,822,113
SCHEDULE D: CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		
Technological Improvements		\$ 2,315,000
Equipment Projects		8,100,000
Facility/Construction Projects		64,350,000
Parks, Recreation, Tourism Projects		
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		500,000
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FOND		\$ 75,265,000
SCHEDULE E: INTERNAL SERVICE FUND		
Fleet Management		
Expenditures		\$ 7,833,396
Health and Dental Insurance		
Expenditures	\$ 26,268,852	
Fund Balance Contribution	2,619,207	28,888,059
Workers Compensation Insurance		
Expenditures	\$ 2,085,000	
Other Financing Uses	2,000,000	4,085,000
TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUND		\$ 40,806,455
		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
SCHEDULE F: ENTERPRISE FUND		
Solid Waste		
Expenditures	\$ 14,101,592	
Other Financing Uses	584,670	\$ 14,686,262
Stormwater Management		,
Expenditures		13,219,171
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUND		\$ 27,905,433
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SECTION 2: Revenues available in FY2023 are estimated according to the following schedules.

SCHEDULE A: GENERAL FUND		
Property Tax		\$ 118,806,164
County Office Revenue		38,684,570
State Shared Taxes		24,553,808
Other Revenue		8,700,791
Other Financing Sources		14,697,405
Fund Balance Usage		8,233,935
TOTAL GENERAL FUND		\$ 213,676,673
SCHEDULE B: SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		
State Accommodations Tax	\$ 944,350	
Fund Balance Usage	52,867	\$ 997,217
Local Accommodations Tax		641,350
E911		
User Fees		3,252,116
Hospitality Tax		9,179,287
Infrastructure Bank		
FILOT Revenues	\$ 13,525,254	
Other	82,000	
Fund Balance Usage	411,551	14,018,805
Medical Charities		
Property Tax	\$ 6,739,466	
Intergovernmental	115,000	
Other	100,000	
Fund Balance Usage	45,356	6,999,822
Parks and Recreation		
Property Tax	\$ 12,370,125	
Other	5,729,115	
Other Financing Sources	1,334,784	19,434,024
Public Safety Interoperable Communications		
Fees	3,295,431	
Fund Balance Usage	61,079	3,356,510
Road Program		
Road Maintenance Fees	\$ 12,802,789	
Fund Balance Usage	2,447,211	15,250,000
Victim's Rights		
Intergovernmental Revenue		479,750
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		\$ 73,608,881
SCHEDULE C: DEBT SERVICE FUND		
General Obligation Bonds		
Property Tax	\$ 3,298,742	
Intergovernmental	5,606,952	
Other	15,000	\$ 8,920,694
	1 3,000	÷ 0,920,094
Certificates of Participation	ć F40 700	
Property Tax	\$ 549,790	
Intergovernmental	13,500	4 3 4 0 5 0 0
Other Financing Sources	3,786,300	4,349,590

Special Source Revenue Bonds		
Intergovernmental	\$ 19,000	
Other Financing Sources	2,067,966	2,086,966
Capital Leases		
Other	\$ 2,100	
Other Financing Sources	5,462,763	5,464,863
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND		\$ 20,822,113
SCHEDULE D: CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		
Other Financing Sources		\$ 4,265,000
Capital Lease Proceeds		7,000,000
Bond Proceeds		64,000,000
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		\$ 75,265,000
SCHEDULE E: INTERNAL SERVICE FUND		
Fleet Management		
Reimbursements	\$ 7,437,193	
Fund Balance Usage	396,203	\$ 7,833,396
Health and Dental		
Premiums		\$ 28,888,059
Workers Compensation		
Premiums	\$ 3,185,000	
Fund Balance Usage	900,000	\$ 4,085,000
TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUND		\$ 40,806,455
SCHEDULE F: ENTERPRISE FUND		
Solid Waste		
Property Tax	\$ 4,948,112	
Solid Waste Tipping Fees	6,575,251	
Other	742,776	
Fund Balance Usage	2,420,123	\$ 14,686,262
Stormwater	 -	
Fees	\$ 8,193,790	
Fund Balance Usage	5,025,381	13,219,171
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUND	_	\$ 27,905,433

SECTION 3: TAX RATES. Tax rates are authorized to be levied on each dollar valuation of taxable property as listed for taxes on January 1, 2022 for the purpose of raising revenue from property taxes as set forth in aforementioned estimates of revenue and in order to finance the aforementioned appropriations. Such rates of tax shall be based on an estimated net assessed valuation of property for the purpose of taxation of \$2.77 billion and an estimated current collection rate of ninety-eight percent (98%). The ad valorem tax millage levies set forth herein are subject to reassessment year calculations pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. 12-37-251 (E). The Auditor and Tax Collector of Greenville County are hereby directed to levy and collect taxes in accordance with this Ordinance.

	TAX RATES
General Fund	41.8
Special Revenue Fund	
Charity Hospitalization	2.4
Parks, Recreation, Tourism	4.5

Debt Service Funds	
G. O. Bonds	1.2
Certificate of Participation	0.2
Enterprise Fund	
Solid Waste	<u>1.8</u>
TOTAL	51.9

SECTION 4: LINE ITEM ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHED. All line item accounts as set forth in the FY2023 Budget Proposal, as adjusted and established by the aforementioned appropriation, are herein established and incorporated as if fully set forth and shall be expended, transferred, or supplemented pursuant to the Greenville County Code. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer funds between departments to make necessary changes and adjustments to reflect Council amendments to the proposed budget.

SECTION 5: REVERSION. Upon the expiration of this ordinance all unencumbered balances remaining in the funds listed in Section 1 shall revert to their respective funds.

SECTION 6: ACCOUNTING. All County Offices, Departments, Agencies, Commissions, or Boards funded wholly or in part by County Council shall submit copies of annual operating budgets, financial statements and quarterly reports of revenue and expense to the Finance Department for appropriate evaluation and Council Review.

SECTION 7: MUNICIPAL PAVING ASSISTANCE. From the FY2023 road program, a total of \$700,000 shall be designated to assist the seven municipal road improvement programs. The allotment to any municipality shall be capped at 50% of the total amount allocated to municipalities in the County of Greenville Road Improvement Program. Each municipality prior to any future funding from Greenville County Road Improvement funds shall provide official documentation that road improvements have been appropriately made with the funding. The County shall utilize the formula used in FY2001 to determine allocations. The road assistance money set aside for municipalities in this section shall not be made available to any municipality that owes an outstanding balance to Greenville County.

SECTION 8: ROAD PAVING DISTRIBUTION. Road Improvement Funding distribution is based on "percentage of road miles per district" and "worst roads first" as hereafter described. Staff will base initial selections on Overall Condition Index (OCI) data collected every four years. Worst roads first shall be based on a road's assigned pavement condition (OCI) and verified by a preliminary field assessment. Roads will be selected for improvement from each district using the "worst roads first county-wide" policy, ensuring that roads are paved from each district. No one district shall receive an allocation exceeding 15% of the total funds allocated for road improvements.

SECTION 9: INFRASTRUCTURE BANK. Five percent (5%) of Infrastructure Bank funding from future FILOT transactions, following compliance with the master ordinance, shall be used for economic development purposes.

SECTION 10: USER FEES. The County Administrator is hereby given authority to set user fees designed to cover the costs of programs approved for operation in the fiscal year 2023 budget. Additionally, the County Administrator is given authority to charge an administrative fee to non-county governed entities to cover the cost of processing charges levied and collected on real property tax notices. The County Administrator shall report any changes in user fees and administrative fees monthly to County Council.

SECTION 11: HISTORIC AND NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST. A Trust and Agency account shall be established for the Greenville County Historic and Natural Resources Trust. A total of \$1,000,000 shall be appropriated to assist the historic and natural resources program for the fiscal year 2023 budget. Additionally, County Council approval shall be required prior to property acquisitions, leases, or conservation easements.

Additionally, County Council approval shall be required prior to property acquisitions, leases, or conservation easements. Greenville County Council sets up the following guidelines:

- Each purchase or acquisition of real property with a cost exceeding \$200,000 must be approved by County Council.
- Each purchase that requires County Council approval must be submitted to Greenville County Council Finance Committee for approval and must receive a public hearing and 3 readings.
- The approval process shall be set up in a similar manner to the FILOT process so that landowners may receive anonymity during the approval process. The Finance Committee may go into executive session to discuss the particulars of each land sale in order to receive legal advice from the County Attorney.
- An annual report that discloses among other things, committee activities, expenses, land acquisition, etc. and must be presented to County Council by January 15th of each year.

SECTION 12: LEVY AUTHORIZED. A copy of this ordinance shall be furnished to the County Auditor and the Auditor is hereby authorized and directed to levy in the year 2022 on all taxable property in Greenville County a tax as determined in Section 3.

SECTION 13: All ordinances in conflict are hereby repealed.

SECTION 14: This ordinance shall take effect July 1, 2022.

ADOPTED IN REGULAR MEETING THIS 20th Day of July, 2021.

GREENVILLE COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

Willis Meadows, Chairman of County Council

Greenville County, South Carolina

By:

Joseph M. Kernell, County Administrator Greenville County, South Carolina

ATTEST:

Reginal McCaskill, Clerk to County Council Greenville County, South Carolina

gia McCashill

COUNTY OF GREENVILLE GLOSSARY

The following list provides terms commonly referred to in this document. Acronyms that may not be identified within the text are also included.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the County's general fixed assets and general long-term debt. The following are the County's account groups:

- (1) General Fixed Assets Account Group This account group is used to account for all fixed assets of the County, other than those accounted for in the proprietary fund.
- (2) General Long-Term Debt Account Group This account group is used to account for all long-term obligations of the County, other than those accounted for in the proprietary fund.

ACCRUED

Revenues are recorded (accrued) as earned when measurable if they will be available and they will be received within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Salary related expenditures are recorded (accrued) when earned rather than paid.

ADOPTED BUDGET

The financial plan of revenues and expenditures for a fiscal year as approved by the Greenville County Council.

AD VALOREM TAX

A tax levied on all real and certain personal property, tangible and intangible, according to the property's assessed valuation.

AGENCY FUNDS

Assets held by the county as an agent for other tax entities within the county. These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurements of results of operation.

AMENDMENT

A change to an adopted budget that has been approved by the Greenville County Council which may increase or decrease a fund total.

AMORTIZATION

The gradual elimination of a liability in regular payments over a specified period of time.

APPROPRIATION

A legal authorization granted by a legislative body to make expenditures and to incur obligations for specific purposes. An appropriation is usually limited in amount and as to the time when it may be expended.

ASSESSED VALUATION

The Real Property Services Appraiser's estimation of the Fair Market Value of real estate or other property. This valuation is used to determine taxes levied upon the property.

BALANCED BUDGET

A budget in which the estimated revenues equal the estimated expenditures.

BASIS OF BUDGETING Refers to the conventions for recognition of costs and revenues in budget

development and in establishing and reporting appropriations, which are the

legal authority to spend or to collect revenues.

BOND A written promise to pay a specified sum of money (called the face value or

principal amount) at a specified date together with periodic interest at a

specified rate.

BUDGET A financial plan for a definite period of time based on estimates of

expenditures during the period and estimated sources for financing them.

BUDGET AUTHORITY Authority provided by law to enter into obligations that will result in

immediate or future outlay of government funds. The basic forms of budget authority are appropriations, borrowing authority and contract authority.

BUDGET CALENDAR The schedule of key dates involved in the process of adopting and executing

an adopted budget.

BUDGET DOCUMENT The official written statement of the biennium fiscal year financial plan for the

County as presented by the County Administrator.

BUDGET MESSAGE A written statement presented by the County Administrator to explain

principal budget issues and to provide recommendations to the Greenville

County Council.

BUDGET YEAR The fiscal year for which the budget is being considered: the fiscal year or

years following the current year.

CAPITAL Capital can refer to physical such as plant property or equipment or to

financial resources required to acquire physical resources.

CAPTIAL BUDGET That part of the Capital Improvement plan involving capital expenditures or

A planned schedule of major capital improvements.

borrowing for the period covered by the operating budget.

CAPITAL

IMPROVEMEN PLAN (CIP)

IMPROVEMENT Capital improvements are defined as a project involving property acquisition,

Capital improvements are defined as a project involving property acquisition,

construction, and/or expansion of permanent physical facilities, and the

purchase and/or replacement of major pieces of equipment.

CAPITAL LEASES Leases for assets which the government is buying or is leasing for all of their

useful lives. The county utilizes capital leases for the purchase of vehicles.

CAPITAL PROJECT

FUNDS

Capital project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those

financed by proprietary funds).

CAPITAL OUTLAY Expenditures which result in the replacement of or an addition to fixed assets.

These expenditures must be over \$5,000.

COMPENSATED

ABSENCES

Annual leave vested with employees up to the maximum allowed is treated as an expenditure in the period earned rather than in the period the benefit is

paid.

CONTINGENCY

FUNDS

Monies set aside, consistent with financial policies, which subsequently can

be appropriated to meet unexpected needs.

CONTRACTUAL Category of costs which are paid under a formal agreement with third parties.

CPI Consumer Price Index. The measure of average change in prices over time in a

fixed market basket of goods and services.

DEBT A government credit obligation.

DEBT SERVICE

FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related

costs.

DEFICIT The excess of expenditures over revenues.

DEPARTMENT An organizational unit of the County responsible for carrying out a major

governmental function.

DEPRECIATION (1) Expiration in the service life of fixed assets attributable to wear and tear,

deterioration, action of the physical elements, inadequacy or obsolescence.

(2) The portion of the cost of a fixed asset which is charged as an expense during a particular period. In accounting, the cost of an asset, less any salvage

value, is pro-rated over the estimated service life of such an asset, and each period charged with a portion of such cost. Through this process, the entire

cost of the asset is ultimately charged off as an expense.

DIVISION A major unit of organization which groups departments into classes by the

service they provide.

EFFECTIVENESS Results (including quality) of the program.

EFFICIENCY Cost (whether in dollars or employee hours) per unit of output.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS These include social security, retirement, group health, dental and life

insurance.

EMS Emergency Medical Services. EMS is responsible for the health, welfare and

safety of the citizens of and visitors to Greenville County from the effects of

natural, technological, and manmade disasters.

ENCUMBRANCE A financial commitment related to an unperformed contract for goods or

services.

ENTERPRISE FUND The fund established to account for operations that are financed and

operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public, on a continuing basis, are financed or recovered primarily

through user fees/charges; and for which preparation of an income statement

is desirable.

ESTIMATED REVENUES

Projections of funds to be received during the fiscal year and legally budgeted

for a given fund for a given budget period.

EXPENDITURE The incurring of an actual liability as the cost of goods delivered or services

rendered including operating expenses, capital outlays and debt service

pursuant to the authority granted in an appropriation ordinance.

FEES A charge by government associated with providing a service, permitting an

activity, or imposing a fine or penalty.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS The County's only fiduciary fund type is its Agency Fund. Agency funds are

used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurements of results of operations.

FINANCIAL POLICIES The County government's policies with respect to taxes, spending and debt

management as these relate to government services, programs, and capital

investment.

FISCAL YEAR (FY) An accounting period of 12 successive calendar months to which the annual

budget applies. The County's fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30.

FIXED ASSETS Assets of long-term character with value of \$5,000 or more which are

intended to be held or used for an extended period of time, such as land,

buildings, machinery, and equipment.

FRANCHISE FEES Fees levied on a business corporation in return for granting a privilege

sanctioning a monopoly, or permitting the use of public property, usually

subject to regulation.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENT

(FTE)

The calculation of the number of employees required to complete the tasks scheduled within each department. This is calculated by dividing the total number of scheduled hours by the normal hours scheduled for one employee.

FUND A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording

cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein. Funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in

accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

FUND ACCOUNTING The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds or account

groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues

and expenditures. The various funds are summarized by type in the financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the County: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

FUND BALANCE Fund equity for governmental funds and trust funds which reflects the

accumulated excess of revenues and other financing sources over

expenditures and other uses for governmental functions.

GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) Accounting rules and procedures

established by authoritative bodies or conventions that have evolved through

custom and common usage.

GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) The highest source of

accounting and financial reporting guidance for state and local governments.

GENERAL FUND The general fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to

account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for

in another fund.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (GO) Bonds payable from ad valorem taxes upon all the property assessable by the

issuing municipality and from other general revenues.

GFOA (Government Finance Officers Association) The professional association of

state and local finance officers in the United States who are dedicated to the

sound management of government financial resources.

GIS Geographic Information System

GOAL The long-term financial and programmatic public policy outcomes or results

that the County expects from the efforts of departments.

GOVERNMENTAL

FUNDS

Governmental funds are used to account for the County's expendable financial resources and related liabilities (except those accounted for in

proprietary funds). The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position. The following are the County's governmental fund types; general fund, special revenue fund, debt service fund, capital project fund.

GRANTS A financial contribution by Federal or State governmental units. Grants may

be for specific purposes, for a category, or a block of related users.

INFRASTRUCTURE Long-lived assets that normally are stationary in nature and can be preserved

a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Examples

include roads, bridges, tunnels, and drainage systems.

INDIRECT COST Costs associated with, but not directly attributable to, the providing of a

product or service. These are usually costs incurred by service departments in

support of operating departments.

INTERFUND Budgeted amounts transferred from one governmental accounting fund to

another for work or service provided.

REVENUE

INTERGOVERNMENTAL Revenue received from another government unit for a specific purpose.

INTERNAL SERVICE

FUND

Internal service funds are proprietary funds and are used to account for goods

services provided by one department or agency to other departments or

agencies of the County, or to other governmental units, on a cost-

reimbursement basis.

ΙT Information Technology

LEVY To impose taxes, special assessments, or service charges. Also, another term

used for millage rate.

LONG-TERM DEBT Debt with a maturity of more than one year after the date of issuance.

The amount of tax stated in terms of a unit of the tax base; for example, each MILLAGE RATE

mill generates \$1 for every \$1,000 of assessed valuation of taxable property.

MISSION A broad statement of purpose that is derived from organizational and/or

community values and goals.

MODIFIED ACCRUAL

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING A basis of accounting for governmental funds in which revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current

assets, and expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

MULTIYEAR BUDGET

PLANNING

A budget process designed to make sure that the long-range consequences of

budget decisions are identified and reflected in the budget totals.

NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets, net of related debt. All assets and all liabilities

Are included. Considered a measure of expendable available financial

resources.

NON-OPERATING

EXPENDITURES

Expenditures of a type that do not represent direct operating costs to the

fund and includes transfers out and reserves for contingency.

OBJECTIVE Specific, measurable statements that support a particular goal, reflecting the

amount of change expected as a result of the Key Action Steps and other

program strategies.

OPERATING Category of costs for the day-to-day functions of a department or unit of

organization.

OPERATING BUDGET A comprehensive plan, expressed in financial terms, by which an operating

program is funded for a single fiscal year.

OPERATING

TRANSFERS

Legally authorized transfers from a fund receiving revenue to the fund

through which the resources are to be expended.

PRIOR YEAR The year immediately preceding the current year.

PROPERTY TAX Taxes computed as a percentage of the value of real or personal property

expressed in mills.

PROPOSED BUDGET The recommended County budget submitted by the County Administrator to

the County Council for adoption.

PROPRIETARY

FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those

often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon

determination of net income. The County has two proprietary fund types:

internal service fund and enterprise fund.

Land and buildings and/or other structures attached to it that are taxable **REAL PROPERTY**

under state law.

RESERVE An account used to indicate that a portion of a fund's balance is legally

restricted for a specific purpose and is, therefore, not available for general

appropriation.

REVENUE The yield of receipts of receivables that a governmental unit receives into the

treasury for public use.

REVENUE BONDS Bonds financed by a dedicated revenue source. The county uses revenue

Bonds for infrastructure purposes and Fee-in lieu of taxes are used for

financing.

REVENUE FORECASTING The utilization of various approaches used by governments to determine the

levels of revenue available for use in future years.

SALARIES Gross earnings of all authorized positions.

SPECIAL REVENUE

BONDS

Bonds that are not considered general obligations of the government, but are

to be repaid through specific government resources.

SPECIAL REVENUE

FUND

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to

Specified purposes. The following activities are accounted for in the special revenue funds: federal revenue sharing, community development, charity

hospitalization and other federal and state grants.

TAX YEAR The calendar year in which ad valorem property taxes are levied to finance

the ensuing fiscal year budget.

UNENCUMBERED

BALANCE

The amount of an appropriation that is neither expended or encumbered.

USER FEE Charges for specific services rendered only to those paying such charges as,

for example, landfill services charges.

COUNTY OF GREENVILLE ACRONYMS

AAA Bond Rating

AARP American Association of Retired Persons

ACH Automated Clearing House

ALS Advanced Life Support

ABMDI American Board of MedicoLegal Death Investigators

AFIS Automated Fingerprint Identification System

APWA American Public Works Association

ASE Automotive Service Excellence

CAAS Certification of American Ambulance Systems

CAD Computer Aided Dispatch

CAFR Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CALEA Commission for Accreditation of Law Enforcement Agencies

CAMA Computer Assisted Mass Appraisal

CAPRA Commission for Accreditation for Park and Recreation Agencies

CDV Criminal Domestic Violence

CIP Capital Improvement Program

CODIS Combined DNA Index System

CPI Consumer Price Index

COPs Certificates of Participation

DHEC Department of Health and Environmental Control

DSS Department of Social Services

DUI Driving Under the Influence

EEO Equal Employment Opportunity

EMS Emergency Medical Services

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

EQIP Environmental Quality Incentives Program

ERP Enterprise Resource Planning

FBI Federal Bureau of Investigation

FCC Federal Communications Commission

FEMA Federal Emergency Management

FILOT Fee-in-Lieu-of Taxes

FIRM Flood Insurance Rate Maps

FTE Full-Time Equivalent

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

GADC Greenville Area Development Corporation

GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board

GCEDC Greenville County Economic Development Corporation

GFOA Government Finance Officers Association

GIS Geographic Information System

GOB General Obligation Bond

GPATS Greenville/Pickens Area Transportation Study

GSP Greenville-Spartanburg Airport

GTA Greenville Transit Authority

HIPAA Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act

IRS Internal Revenue Service

IT Information Technology

KOP Keep on Person Program

LDD Land Development Division

LEC Law Enforcement Center

LID Low Impact Development ("Green Infrastructure")

MSW Municipal Solid Waste Stream

NCIC National Crime Information Center

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

OCI Overall Condition Index

OCRI Official County Road Inventory

OCRI-D Official County Road Inventory by District

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PCMS Prosecution Case Management System

PDF Portable Document

PREA Prison Rate Elimination Act

PSA Public Service Announcement

PSAP Public Safety Answering Point

PTI Pre-Trial Intervention

ROD Register of Deeds

SAN Storage Area Network

SCDMV South Carolina Department of Motor Vehicles

SLED South Carolina Law Enforcement Division

SSRBs Special Source Revenue Bonds

STR Short Tandem Repeat (Part of DNA Analysis Process)

TMDL Total Maximum Daily Load